PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE, ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam and Daks, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 54,828.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK.
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 8-30 P. M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
14th Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	1050
25th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
2nd Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10990
9th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
23rd "	ARABIA	7902	.....	...
30th "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
6th Nov.	OCEANA	6470	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	...
20th "	MALWA	10 883	.....	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10,513
4th Dec.	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9570
18th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

* This Steamer will proceed via Malta to PLYMOUTH and LONDON. Passengers for MARSEILLES transhipp at Port Said to the S. S. "INDIA."

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a. m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tender leaves the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 1 and 1-30 o'clock p. m. for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Sanitary Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1910.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
8th Feby.	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
15th "	CALEDONIA	7338	.....	...
9th March.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
9th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
23rd "	ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
30th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
6th April.	MACEDONIA	10512	.....	...
6th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
7th May.	CALEDONIA	7338	.....	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11080
21st "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL RATES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by sea	Rs. 578 ,, Rs. 627	Rs. 782 ,, Rs. 940

These rates include the Suez Canal.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly regularly on TUESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.

(CITY AND HALL LINES)

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY AND KARACHI FOR MARSEILLES, LIVERPOOL, &c.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1909.	Leave Karachi 1909.
City of Calcutta	7513	Sep. 18	Sep. 28
City of Athens	5004	Nov. 2	Nov. 16
Trafford Hall	5321	,, 18	Dec. 3
City of York	7705	,, 22	,, 8
City of Glasgow	6457	Dec. 3	,, 18
City of Cairo	4503	,, 18	,, 30
City of Baroda	4681	Jan. 9, 1910	...
City of Manchester	5564	,, 14	Jan. 29 1910

... class passenger steamer carrying both ... and Stewardess.
... steamer carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess ... accommodation for 2-12 passengers.
... Steamer with both 1st and 2nd class accommodation and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

REVISED PASSAGE RATES.

From Bombay or Karachi.....	1st Class, Surgeon and Stewardess.		2nd Class, only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.		All steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.	
	Single Rs.	Return Rs.	Single Rs.	Return Rs.	Single Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez.....	413	627	310	463	247	317
Port Said.....	446	677	332	512	260	372
Marseilles, Genoa or Naples.....	578	935	422	649	295	770
Liverpool.....	865	990	462	704	317	792
London overland via Genoa or Marseilles interm. or via Marseilles or Naples.....	653	*1135	489	*869	370	*922

*Return Journey from Liverpool, by Sea, Rs. 1,038 Rs. 737, and Rs. 845, respectively.

The above rates include passage by B.I.S.N. Co.'s Steamer between Bombay and Karachi.

Reduction to Families, Tea Planters, Railway Servants, Missionaries, Nuns, Sisters of Mercy, Hospital Nurses, and Theatrical Coys.

THE CITY LINE has lately been strengthened by the addition of several new and fast steamers having the latest requisites for the comfort and welfare of passengers.

ELECTRIC FANS FREE.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1910.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL VIA PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay.	Leave Karachi.
City of Athens	5600	...	18th February
A. Trafford Hall	5321	2nd March	...
City of York	7705	22nd March	31st March
City of Vienna	4673	6th April	...
City of Glasgow	6157	...	15th April
City of Calcutta	7512	25th April	22nd April
City of Manchester	5564	...	7th May
A. Trafford Hall	5321	24th May	...
City of Karachi	5557	...	31st May
City of Benares	6738	...	15th June

*Sailing from Karachi and calling at Bombay for passengers only.

No Extra Charge Express Service or 2 Berthed Cabin (From 18th February to 16th June 1910.)

For Passage and further Particulars apply to the Agents.

Bombay.—Messrs. E. I. Bates & Son's Agency.
(,, Killick, Nixon & Co., Agents).
KARACHI.— ,, Forbes Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
DWARKA	1,695	Thur. 16th Sept.	10 a.m.	C. Mandvi
LHASA	8,171	Fri. 17th Sept.	6 a.m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 20th Sept.	11 a.m.	P. D. & C. M.*
AFRICA	2,037	Mon. 20th Sept.	2 p.m.	V. M. & D.**

† Or later on arrival of the English mail steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and C. Mandvie.
** Veraval, Mangrole and Dwarka.

FOR C. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 16th Sept. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "AFRICA" 2,037 tons, on Monday, 20th Sept. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LALPOOBA," 3,569 tons, sailing on or about 25th Septs.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

15th September, 1909.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES Booked without charge

BERTHS Carefully Selected.

HANDBOOK Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.

BAGGAGE Shipped and Insured.

PASSENGERS Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
NERA	5,583	Combin	30th Sept. 1909
DUMBEA	6,695	Robaut	28th Oct. ,,
SALAZIE	4,147	Marcus	25th Nov. ,,
VILLE de la CIOTAT	4,378	Barillon	23rd Dec. ,,
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	20th Jan. 1910
NERA	5,583	Combin	17th Feb. ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,373	Barillon	8th Oct. 1909.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	5th Nov. ,,

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Act. Agent.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain	To sail on
KORBER	5,423	A. Foresti	1st Oct. 1909
ARKONA	4,719		1st Nov. 1909
BOHEMIA	4,281	G. Gillhuber	15th ,, 1909
KORBER	5,423	A. Foresti	1st Dec. 1909
BREGENZ	4,009	A. de Petris	16th ,, 1909

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKNOG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
CHINA	G. Bergoglian	6,003	24th Sept. 1909.

PASSENGER SEASON 1910.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

SINGLE CLASS ACCOMMODATION ONLY.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
KORBER	5423	A. Foresti	1st February.
BREGENZ	4009	A. de Petries	16th ,,
AFRICA	4720	....	1st March
BOHEMIA	4232	G. Gillhuber	16th ,,
KORBER	5423	A. Foresti	1st April
BREGENZ	4009	A. de Petris	16th ,,
AFRICA	4720	....	1st May
BOHEMIA	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th ,,
KORBER	5423	A. Foresti	1st June

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
E. F. FERDINAND	6048	E. Nitsche	29th January
PERSIA	5895	P. Giurgevich	26th February
VORWAERTS	6000	E. Reinarz	29th March
NIPPON	6350	E. Tarabochia	28th April
AUSTRIA	7888	F. Obiol	29th May

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.

ACCELERATED LINE.

Single Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 385	to 500 *
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back	,, 577-8	,, 750 *
Single Class to London	,, 480	,, 625 *
Single Class to London and back	,, 767-8	,, 1020 *

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Single Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450	
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back	,, 675	
Single Class to London	,, 545	to 585 *
Single Class to London and back	,, 865	to 945 *

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

COUTTS & CO.,

ARMY SHIPPING & PASSENGER AGENTS.
POST BOX 249, BOMBAY.

PACKAGES of all kinds without limit to size, shape or weight received and forwarded cheaply and quickly to all parts of the World prepaid or charged forward by the "ORIENTAL PARCELS EXPRESS."

Soldiers' private boxes forwarded by specially organised "SOLDIERS' EXPRESS SERVICE" with safety and economy.

Packages by both the above services delivered to the door of the addressee in England through Messrs. Carter Paterson & Co., Ld., Pickfords Ld., and Sutton & Co., for which firms we are Local Agents.

COUTTS & CO.,
HORNBY ROW,
Post Box 249,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... ,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... ... ,, 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq., (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENABRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq., (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP .....Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... ,, 15,900,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Lisoyang	Eyojun Port
Changchung	Lyons	Arthur
Dairen (Dairy)	Fengtien Mukden	Peking
Hankow	Nagasaki	San Francisco
Honolulu	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hongkong	New York	Tiehling
Kobe	Osaka	Tientsin
London		Tokyo

LONDON BANKERS:—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager,

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

RAJAH BAHADUR MOTILAL'S MANSIONS, FORT, BOMBAY.

BRANCH OFFICE will be OPENED at MOMBADAVIE.

CAPITAL Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS will be opened from the 1st of September, 1909, and interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

JEWELLERY.

Exclusive Novelties, Artistic and Distinctive in Design.

DEPARTMENTS.

JEWELLERY
WATCHES
CLOCKS
SILVER PLATE
ELECTRO-PLATE
WATCH REPAIRING
JEWELLERY REPAIRING
RE-PLATING.

English Chiming Clocks, and Reproductions from Old Styles, Chippendale, Sheraton, Etc.

FRENCH TRAVELLING CLOCKS
DINING and DRAWING ROOM CLOCKS, Etc.

EVERYTHING NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.

In Necklets, Pendants, Brooches, Bracelets, Scarf Pins, Lace Brooches in Pearl and Enamel or Fancy Stones.

Large Stock of UNSET STONES FOR MATCHING.

WE DO YOUR REPAIRS ON THE SPOT.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

TENNENT'S PILSENER BEER.

THE BEST REFRESHER IN INDIA.

TO BE HAD OF

THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OP. SOCIETY LTD., WATSON'S HOTEL, APOLLO HOTEL and other leading Bars and Restaurants.

D. C. OOMKIGAR & Co. D. D. BARIA.

THE SOLE AGENT,
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LTD.
BOMBAY.

CROFT, MODY & CO.,

THE following popular and well known BRANDS of WHISKIES can be had Wholesale from

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY,
OR RETAIL FROM
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

O. T. B. (Old Mac Taggart Blend)
F. O. S. (Finest old Scotch)
From DONALD Mc. TAGGART & Co., Strathspey and Glasgow.
A. L. W. (Antique Liqueur)
R. O. T. (Rare Old Talisker)
From The DAILUAINE-TALISKER DISTILLERS LTD.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 15,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	HONGKONG	RANGOON
BANGKOK	KOBE	SAIGON
BATAVIA	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	MANILA	SINGAPORE
CANTON	NAGASAKI	SOURABAYA
COLOMBO	NEW YORK	TIENTSIN
FOOCHOW	PEKING	YOKOHAMA
HAMBURG	PENANG	YLOILO
HANKOW		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STEET, BOMBAY.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital	,, 17,55,000
Reserve Fund	,, 1,80,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India,

HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000 provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 100 be maintained.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on any Town in India, and Currency Notes of any circle received free of Charge in Fixed and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted,

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager,

Standard Buildings, Bombay, Sept, 1908.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7 BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Nowera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras.	Chittagong.	Aden, (Steamer Point.)
Karachi.	Rangoon,	Zanzibar.
Cawnpore	Mandalay,	Mombasa
Lahore	Colombo,	Nairobi.
Amritsar,	Kandy.	Entebbe,

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

J. BLACK,
BOMBAY *Ag. Manager.*

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA,

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,575,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200 000

HEAD OFFICE:
2, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Honokong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Karachi	Klang (F. M. States.)	Saigon
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor (Do.)	shanghai
Madras	Bangkok	Tientsin
Rangoon	Batavia	Hankow
Colombo	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Penang	Manilla	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak)	Cebu (Philippines)	New York
Ipoh (Perak),		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

J GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorens Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10, Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

PEARSE & CO.,

Apollo Street,
BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR.

LEADING CONFECTIONERS, CATERERS & BAKERS.

Breakfast,
Tiffin,
Dinner.

Dinner-a la-Carte.

Select Bill of Fare.
Best Wines and Spirits.

STEAM BAKERY,
MARINE LANE.

BREAD BAKED TWICE A DAY.

Kiln-dried Flour,
The Best Household Flour in 7 lb. tins.

Cabin and Crew Biscuits.

Prices on Application.

STANDING REPUTATION

OVER 37 YEARS.

UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.

TRIAL ORDERS SOLICITED.

MONGINI BROTHERS

Have just Received a Consignment of the Famous

SAN PELLEGRINO NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

San Pellegrino Water is an organically pure table water, pleasantly fresh to the palate.

It is most efficacious in the cure of uric acid, gout, gravel and catarrh of the digestive tracts.

50,00,000 bottles were exported in 1908.

Now obtainable at

MONGINI BROTHERS.

Case of 50 large bottles	...	...	Rs. 31-12
1 Dozen bottles	...	...	Rs. 8-8

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit of Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° ,, ,,
Monkey 125° ,, ,,
Elephant in tins and bulk.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

"CHALLENGE."
GALVANIZED STEEL.
WINDMILLS.
The most Economical and Efficient on the Market.

Prices and full particulars on Application.

W. CROWDER & CO., LTD.,
Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

UNDER instructions received from the Under Secretary to Government, P. W. Department, Bombay, the Railway Level Crossing at Chowpatty, North of Charni Road Station, will be CLOSED to Vehicular Traffic on and after the 1st October, 1909, when the existing Gates will be REMOVED and replaced by a palisade fence with a wicket gate for foot passengers only.

A. THOMAS,
for Chief Engineer,
B. B. & C. I. Railway.

Bombay, 15th September, 1909,
Chief Engineer's Office.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (B.T.), on MONDAY, the 27th day of September, 1909, for works in a STORM WATER DRAIN, in Khetwadi Back Road.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., may be obtained free of charge from the Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. Deductions at the rate of 5 per cent. to make the total deposit not exceeding 10 per cent. of the Contract amount, less the cost of articles to be supplied by the Commissioner under the Contract, will be made from the Bills of the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Contract rates for a similar work in a Storm Water Drain in DeLisle Road have been put up on the General Notice Board of the Municipal Office for the information of the Tenderers.

6. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JOSEPH HALL, M. Inst. C.E., M.I. M.E., &c.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Executive Engineer's Office,
BOMBAY, 15TH SEPTEMBER, 1909.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will BE CLOSED on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 17th and 18th instant, those days being Public Holidays under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 10th September, 1909.

NOTICE.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank, will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 21st Instant, both dates inclusive.

By order of the Board,
J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SALES BY AUCTION.

WELLINGTON MEWS.

FOR SALE.

BONA FIDE AUCTION SALE OF CARRIAGES, HORSES AND MOTOR CARS, BELONGING TO THE ESTATE OF THE LATE Mr. DWARKADAS DHARAMSEY and Mr. DAMODER LAKMIDAS KHIMJI.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay,
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction,
Suit No. 786 of 1909.

The Firm of Lalji Thackersey and Co. ...Plaintiffs
vs.
Trimuldas Dwarkadas and others ... ...Defendants,
and
Suit No. 238 of 1908.

Jamnavahoo, widow.....Plaintiff
vs.
Jivanbhoo, widow, and others .....Defendants.
Suit No. 104 of 1908.

Ratanbai..... ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
Lakhmivahoo .... Defendant.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., Receiver appointed by the High Court of the estate of the late Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey and Mr. Damoder Lakhmidas Khimji, in the above suits, the following carriages, horses, motor cars, etc., will be sold by Public Auction, THIS DAY, THURSDAY the 16th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the Wellington Mews, where they are on view.

1. 6 H. P. De Dion, in very good condition, newly painted, royal blue, complete with tools, hood, lamps, horn, etc., and in splendid running order.

2. 10—12 H. P. De Dion Engine, two cylinders, in very good condition and running order, complete with canopy, tools, lamps, horn, battery, etc.

3. 10—12 H. P. De Dion, two cylinders, in good condition and running order, Landaulette body, beautifully fitted up throughout, complete with tools, horn, battery, two electric side lamps, two kerosine side lamps, one kerosine tail lamp and two acetylene head lamps.

4. 35 H. P., 4 cylinders, Richard Brasier, beautifully fitted up with Limousine body, splendidly upholstered, in very good running conditions, complete.

5. One old motor car.

1 Rubber-tyred Phaeton, by Davies, coupe wheels.
1 Rubber-tyred Brougham, glass to side, by Press.
1 Rubber-tyred Landau, coupe wheels, by Press, in very good order.
1 Rubber-tyred Eng. Office Brougham, by Lawton.
1 Rubber-tyred Landau, coupe wheels, by Press, in very good order.
1 Rubber-tyred Shigram.
1 Old Shigram.
1 Ch. English mare, aged, about 14-2, Fast trapper.
1 Nutmeg Grey Arab horse, 6 years, 14-3.
1 Nutmeg Grey Arab horse, 5 years, 14-2.
1 F. B. Grey Arab, aged, 14-3.
1 Bay Aust. mare, 7 years, about 15-1.
1 Bay Aust. mare, 7 years, about 15-1.
1 Bay Arab, 8 years, 14-2.

WELLINGTON MEWS,
Bombay 14th September, 1909.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th August, 1909.

No. 64.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884 (VII of 1884), is published as required by section 42 of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 1st day of October, 1909.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Secretary to Government, Marine Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

"In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884 (VII of 1884), and with previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased further to amend the rules under the said Act to regulate the making of surveys of Steam-ships at the Port of Bombay published in Government Notification in the Marine Department, No. 8, dated the 30th January 1888, as subsequently amended, as follows :—

For form No. 4 referred to in rule No. 6 of the said rules, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

NOTE :—This declaration must be forwarded to the Port Officer, Bombay, within fourteen days of its receipt by the owner or agent.

Form No. 4.
(*See Rule 6*)

Issued by the Govt. of Bombay in pursuance of the Indian Steam-ships Act, VII of 1884.

DECLARATION

OF

SURVEY OF A PASSENGER STEAM-SHIP.

No. of former Certificate.	
Date of issue of former Certificate.	

N.B.—Any person who fraudulently alters, assists in fraudulently altering, or procures to be fraudulently altered, anything contained in this declaration is guilty of a misdemeanour.

SHIP.

Name and Official Number.	Single, Twin, Triple or Quadruple Screw, or Paddle, and Registered Horse-Power.	Port of Registry.	Tonnage. Gross.	Tonnage. Register.

Name and Address of Owner, Managing Owner or Agent.	Intended Voyage.

MASTER AND OFFICERS.

	Bank.	Christian Name or Names.	Surname.	Number of Certificate.	Grade.
Master					
First Mate					
Second Mate					
First Engineer... ...					
Second Engineer ...					

LIFE-SAVING APPLIANCES.

Number.	Description of Boats placed under Davits.	Contents of Boats, etc., in Cubic Feet.	No. of persons Boats, etc., will accommodate.	Particulars of Buoyant Apparatus. Description of Apparatus.	Particulars of Buoyant Apparatus. Description of Buoyancy.
	Life boats of Section A				
	Life-boats of Section B				
	Life-boats of Section C				
	Boats of Section D				
	Other Boats and Appliances.				
	Collapsible or other Boats				
	Rafts				
	Buoyant Apparatus capable of supporting... ...				
	Life-belts or other approved articles of equal buoyancy.				
	Life-buoys.				

NUMBER OF PASSENGERS.

	Name of place where the passengers are carried or berthed.	Clear Cubic capacity of space if Berths are not fitted.	Number of: Persons due to space at 72 cubic feet each.	Number of: Fixed berths.	Number of: Passengers allowed.	TOTAL.
Third Class, Fore Cabin, or Steerage.						
Second Cabin or Intermediate.						
First Class Chief Cabin, or Saloon.						
					TOTAL ...	

MACHINERY AND BOILERS.

ENGINES. Number.	Common, Compound, Triple Expansion, or Quadruple Expansion.	Surface, Common, or Non-Condensing.	Direct Acting or Geared. Vertical or Horizontal.	Direct Acting or Geared. Diagonal or Oscillating.	Beam or Side Lever.	Year when made. By whom made.	CYLINDERS. Number.	Diameter. Ins.	Length of Stroke. Feet.	Length of Stroke. Ins.

BOILERS.

	No.	Whether of Steel or Iron; if partly of each, specify parts for which either metal is used.	By whom made.	Year when made.	Date when Surveyor last went inside these Boilers.	Date when Boilers were tested by hydraulic test, and pressure to which tested, and whether Boilers were then in the Ship or not.
Main.						
Donkey ...						

NOTE.—Cancel the portions of this Form that do not apply.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.—CONTINUED.

EVAPORATORS.

No.	Of what material made.	By whom made.	Year when made.	Maximum pressure of inlet steam.	Diameter of reduced orifice in reducing nozzle, if fitted.	Hydraulic Test. Date when applied.	Hydraulic Test. Pressure. Shell.	Hydraulic Test. Pressure. Coils.

	COVERED IN AND LOCKED UP VALVES. Description :—State whether Dead weight, Lever, Spring, or other Type.	By whom made.	Number on each Boiler or Evaporator.	Pressure : lbs. per square inch.	STEAM PIPES. Date of hydraulic test.	STEAM PIPES. Pressure applied : lbs. per square inch.
Main Boilers ...						
Donkey Boilers..						
Evaporators ...						

SURVEYOR'S REMARKS.

MISCELLANEOUS PARTICULARS.

Date of the last external examination of the bottom, and remarks (if any) relating thereto. Date.	Remarks.	Date of Loadline Certificate, is it still valid?	Date of inspection of Ship's Register.	Number of persons composing the crew.

COMPASSES.

No. on board.	Date of last adjustment.	Date when ship was last swung for verification.	Name and address, or name and rating of persons giving accompanying certificate of adjustment, verification, or correctness.

DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY THE SURVEYOR.

I hereby declare :—

1. That on ——— I completed the Inspection of (a) ——— (a) If the survey was partial, state what parts were surveyed

the Stam-ship ——— of ——— Official Number ———

2. That the hull and machinery are sufficient for the service intended and in good condition.

3. That the boats, life-saving appliances, lights, signals, compasses, safety valves and fire hose are such and in such condition as are required by the Merchant Shipping Acts.

4. That the hull, machinery and equipments will in my judgment be sufficient until (b) (b) Insert date or dates.

5. That the load to be placed on the safety valves should not exceed the pressure in lbs. per square inch stated on page of this form, and that the safety valves have been adjusted accordingly.

6. That the vessel, as regards the hull, machinery and equipments is in my judgment fit to ply as a foreign-going passenger steamer ;
within the limits of the Indian Home trade ;

7. That the vessel is in my judgment fit to carry the number of passengers stated on page of this form, provided there is no encumbrance of the space measured for passenger accommodation.

8. That the certificates of the master, mates and engineers are such as are required by the Merchant Shipping Acts.

Dated at the Port Office, Bombay,
this ——— day of ——— 190 ,
Engineer and Ship Surveyor to the Port of Bombay.

As per application dated and signed by

I certify that I visited the above Steam-ship for the purpose of survey under the Act on the 190 ,
and that under the instruction of the Port Officer I paid extra visits on the 190 ,
for which extra visits at Rs. each, the sum of Rupees is now due in accordance with scale sanctioned by Government.
Engineer and Ship Surveyor to the Port of Bombay

NOTICE.

When this declaration has been completed by the Surveyor, it is to be given to the Owner or Master, who is required by section 12 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, VII of 1884, to transmit it to the Port Officer, within "fourteen" days after the date of the receipt thereof. The same section provides that the Owner or Master shall forfeit a sum not exceeding five rupees FOR EVERY DAY that the sending of the declaration is delayed beyond the period of fourteen days above specified.

*To be filled in by the Surveyor.

*This declaration was (given) (sent by Post) to the person named opposite, by the Surveyor whose signature it bears, on the date stated opposite. Person ———
Date ———
This declaration was received this ——— day of ——— 190 ——— by me ———
(State whether Owner or Master.)
And transmitted to the Port Officer th ——— day of ——— 190 ——— by me ———
(State whether Owner or Master.)
Port or Mercantile Marine Office to which the Certificate is to be sent ... ... ———
Name and address of the person to whom the Certificate is to be delivered on application... ... ———
State whether Owner, Agent, or Master of the Vessel ———

After the Owner or Master has signed the above receipt for this Declaration, and has filled in the name of the Port or Mercantile Marine Office to which he wishes the Certificate to be sent, he is to send the Declaration in an envelope addressed to the Port Officer, Port Office (Survey Department), Bombay.

When this Declaration has been received at the Port Office and is found satisfactory by the Local Government, and not until then, the Certificate in duplicate will be delivered through the Port Office named above, at which Office the Owner, Agent, or Master named above for that purpose must apply for it and pay the necessary fee, expenses, and forfeiture (if any) charged under the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,
R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to Government.

NOTE.—Cancel the portions of this Form that do not apply.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting —
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and second-hand English-built CARRIAGES FOR SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES, let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for Sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.
ESTABLISHED 1870.
ACCUMULATED FUNDS, FIFTY-TWO LAKHS

THE objects presented to all Europeans and Anglo-Indians by this Fund are much more suited to the wants of a husband and father than those presented by Insurance Companies securing capital sums payable at death.

12, Dalhousie Square, East Calcutta.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED.
HUGHES TOWN ROAD,
(Near the Station),
SECUNDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, and Clothe their Poor, and attend to all their wants.

☞ *The Home is supported entirely by Voluntary Contributions.*

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). First insertion :—12 annas first 24 words. 4 annas per extra line.

Subsequent insertions :—2 annas per line.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

ADVANCE of Rs. 15,000 REQUIRED on mortgage of stock of a good paying business in Bombay. Prepared to pay 9 per cent. interest per annum. Amount repayable within a reasonable period. For further particulars write to "TOBACCONIST," care of this Paper.

BACHELORS.—WANTED two Bachelors to share a large room, with adjacent Bathroom, Rs. 80 each, including Board. Position very central, near Taj Mahal Room lofty, cool and airy. Every comfort. Apply early to "Housekeeper," care of "The Bombay Gazette."

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DRAPER.—Seeks employment as Senior Assistant or Manager in well established European firm. Several years' experience at Home and this country. Good traveller—European, young, active and sober—Willing to accept reasonable salary with commission. Replies to "Draper" care of the "Bombay Gazette" Ltd.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW OR OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 106, Hornby Road, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by Supervisor with experience in P. W. D. and Railways. Apply to W. G., care of this Office.

ENGLISH—PARSI and other Ladies unable to converse freely and correctly in English are invited to correspond with "English Lady Teacher," willing to give lessons on very reasonable terms.

EUROPEAN.—With Experience with animals desires EMPLOYMENT in a Native State in any capacity ; can control native and understands farming. Willing to accept reasonable salary with free quarters. Respond to "FARMER," care of the "Bombay Gazette."

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4¾d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates, Price Rs. 3 Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office

FOR SALE.—Handsome solid Brass Standard Drawing Room LAMP, with adjustable pedestal and pretty silk shade. Ditmar's Burner and fittings, with spare globe, wind proof. In perfect condition. Rs. 70 only. Apply to RESIDENT, First floor, "Ruby House," Colaba.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 495, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

HOUSE FOR SALE—AT BANGALORE, A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes arranged and built in the English style-located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No 555, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

LADY—Wiling to give LESSONS in English to Parsi ladies; anxious to converse in this language. For terms apply to "L. P." care of "The Bombay Gazette," Ltd.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases By W. R. H. Re. 1. Apply Box No. 494. care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

MUSIC LESSONS given to children by an Experienced Pianist. Terms moderate, Apply to "Pianoforte," care of this Paper.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete recbauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 6 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

PARTNER or FINANCIER WANTED, at once, with Rs. 10,000 for a profitable business. Fair return offered. Communicate terms early to "PROFIT," care of "The Bombay Gazette," Ltd.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars. Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Rs. 1-4-0 ; Tiffin, Rs. 1-0-0 ; Breakfast As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years, I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts, I. R. Gardener, 19, Forbes Street, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James' Douglas, Rs. 5, Apply Box No. 498, c/o. "Bombay Gazette" Office

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 3-4 per thousand : and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 124, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 3 Green Street Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

TYPEWRITING.—Undertaken by an Experienced Typist. Carbon copies carefully and legibly produced Terms very moderate, on application to "TYPIST," care of this Paper.

WANTED :—

BOARD and RESIDENCE in the Fort or Apollo Bunder, by a married couple, permanent residents easily pleased. Terms must be moderate. Please communicate with "Resident," care of "Bombay Gazette."

By a European SITUATION as MANAGER of a shop. Young, healthy, sober and active. Eight years' experience at Home and in India. Also willing to attend customers. Good at dressing show cases and advertising. Kindly reply stating salary offered to "P.G.," care of this Paper.

EUROPEAN NURSE for two young babies, one ayah kept. Apply by letter, giving age, references, wages required, to O. G. Henderson, Surat.

FOR our FIRE INSURANCE DEPT., a HEAD-CLERK, who can manage the department independently. Only experienced men need apply. Box No. 2343, care of this Paper.

PUPILS for the Pianoforte ; children preferred, Rs. 10 for two lessons a week ; Rs 15 for two of a family, or in the same house. Apply to "Teacher," c/ the "Bombay Gazette".

SMALL FLAT.—Two Bedrooms with Bathrooms, Drawing and Dining Room combined W. C., Kitchen and Godowa. Willing to give reasonable rent if fitted with Electric Lights and Fans and improved sanitary arrangements. Reply at once to "R. W.," care of This Paper.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS ? with LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 106, Hornby Road, Bombay.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING ? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., LD., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

MOTOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements in this Column, not exceeding one inch, will be inserted on payment of Re. 1 per insertion. "Pro rata" for extra space occupied. Replies will be sent to all Advertisers Free.

F. I. A. T.

THE NEW 12-14 H. P.

Royal Automobile Club Rating 15-6 H. P.
LIVE AXLE

F. I. A. T.

THE TOWN CAR DE LUXE OF THE SEASON.

ECONOMICAL in up-keep.
PETROL consumption 25 miles to the gallon.
RELIABLE and easy to handle.
LIGHT on tyres.
ACCURATE in constructing, accordingly accessible.

THE NEW 12-14 Horse Power

F. I. A. T.

Chassis has 4 speeds forward with reverse and is fitted with forced lubrication and all the most up-to-date improvements known in motor design.

PRICE—English list price plus cost of importation.

For detailed specification prices and all particulars apply to the

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LD.,

P. O. Box 195, BOMBAY. P. O. Box 298, CALCUTTA.

S. R. PILLAI & Co.,
7-8 HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

MOTOR CARS FOR THE SEASON.

SECOND-HAND CARS FOR BUSINESS AND PLEASURE.

	Rs.
DE DION.—8 H. P. 3 seats...	1,150
Do. —9-10 H. P. 4 seats	2,600
WOLSELEY.—8 H. P. 4 seats	1,700
Do. —12-14 H. P. 7 seats... ...	3,900
Do. —6 H. P. 3 seats	1,600
Do. —12-14 H. P. 5 seats... ...	2,600
ORLEANS.—10-12 H. P. 5 seats	3,100
Do. —15 H. P. 5 seats	3 400
HORBICK.—10-12 H. P. 5 seats	3,200
Do. —12-16 H. P. 5 seats	4,500
PANHARD.—15 H. P. 5 seats	3,400
De. DION.—9 H. P. 4 seats...	2,200
BIANCHI.—25-30 H. P. 5 seats	5,000
REO.—18 H. P. 1907 Pattern, 5 seated, complete with hood, lamps, etc. In exchange for single cylinder De-Dion 1908 pattern, 4 seated or for offers.	
WANTED, Two small run about Cars of about 6 H. P.	

All above Cars complete with hood, lamps, etc.

New Horbick Cars from Rs. 5,300.

CARS BOUGHT, SOLD AND VALUED.

Full particulars on application Mr. WHITE.
OF
S. R. PILLAI & Co.
7-8 HUMMUM STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY

OFFER THE FOLLOWING :—

	Rs.
2ND HAND BEISTON HUMBER.—12 H. P., 2-cylinder, double phaeton, side entrance, body hood and all accessories, shop soiled.	3,500
DARRACQ.—10-12 H. P., 2-cylinder, landaulette, to seat 2 inside and 2 outside, canopy over driver, glass screen and all accessories	4,500

REASONABLE OFFERS CONSIDERED.

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

KARIM MOOLJI & Co.

Reputable
FURNITURE DEALERS.
NEW AND SECOND-HAND
ON
SALE AND HIRE.
At Moderate Rates.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
Bought up at good prices from Gentlemen going Home.
No. 36, Furniture Bazaar, Chukla, near Crawford Market.

KARIM MOOLJI & CO.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily for 1 week.—Six insertions. Re. 1 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Thrice a week.—Three insertions. Rs. 1-8 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Twice a week.—Two insertions. Re. 1-12 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Once only.—Rs. 2 per inch of 8 lines.

ONE PUCCA EUROPEAN NURSE (middle class), WANTED. Terms:—Pucca European, well experienced, best testimonials, middle age; salary Rs. 30 per month and all found; salary to be increased after she gives satisfaction, for a native Chief. Apply Box No. 2,350, care of this Paper.

RARE OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE PROPERTIES, situated at Colaba, Fort, Byculla, Grant Road, Parel, Worlee, Cumballa Hill, Napean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, Dadar, Mahim, &c., &c., and VACANT PLOTS at different localities. For further particulars apply to—

MESSRS. S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & CO.,
18, Bank Street, Fort.

INSURANCES.

CENTENARY 1809-1909.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds Exceed £18,322,000
Total Revenue for 1907 Exceeded £ 4,000,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1908, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For latest PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to

Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

THE DEMAND
FOR
"STANDARD" POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1865, the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

CLAIMS PAID £26,800,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS £12,250,000
ANNUAL REVENUE .....£ 1,500,000

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE
ORIENTAL
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT
OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
MANAGER, BOMBAY.

REDUCED RATES.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

RESULTS FOR 1908.

New Policies issued (net) ...5,890 for	£.	1,819,377
New Premiums (1908) ...	„	81,349
Annual Income ...	„	1,406,762
Assets ...	„	10,038,723

CALL FOR 1908 PROSPECTUS.

WORLD WIDE POLICIES.

Indian Lives at European Rates.
Assurances with or without Medical Examination.
Old Age Pensions, Children's Endowments, &c., &c.
Apply—

CROFT MODY & CO.,
CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

Hot Rolls

are more digestible if made with the aid of Brown & Polson's 'Paisley Flour' instead of baking powder or yeast. Simpler to make, too! No uncertainty as to the goodness of the yeast, no time wasted while the dough rises. Bread is ready for the oven in a few minutes and the results are always successful. Give up the old method and try

'PAISLEY FLOUR'

The SURE Raising Powder. One part added to eight parts of ordinary flour is all that is required. Recipes with every tin.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

THE steamer Bombay Maru, 3,398 tons, Captain W. A. Evans, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Kobe, &c, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Company's steamer Fazilka, 2,698 tons Captain W G Williams arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Mauritius with a cargo of sugar and one cabin and 21 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Company's steamer Surada 3,400 tons, Captain F Atton, sailed on Wednesday for Rangoon Moulmein etc., with a general cargo.

THE steamer Daldorch, 3,031 tons, Captain C M Pearson, sailed on Wednesday for Antwerp etc,, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Company's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W Moxon, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf &c. with a general cargo and about 100 deck passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 14th Sept., should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept. 15.

Alavi.....2324 Hill.....B & P S N Co
Africa.....1302 Chappel (B I Dock)...M M & Co
Ayuthia.....694 Curtis.....F F Campbell & Co
Britannia.....1969 Hales .....Bo & H S N Co
Bezweda.....3270 Le Brocq.....M M & Co
Banca.....3794 Collyer .....P & O Co
Bombay Maru.....3398 Evans .....N Y Kaisha
Delhi.....4783 Gordon ...China ...15-9 P & O Co
Fazilka.....2698 Williams.....M M & Co
Glenedon.....3018 Graham .....T Morrison & Co
Hermiston...2926 Bain...L'pool...W & A Graham & Co
Hydra.....831 Kirseborn...F F Campbell & Co
Naseri...911 LeMiere...P Gulf...12-9.....B & P S N Co
Nizam.....2041 Turner .....T Morrison & Co
Persia.....4198 Haughton...London.....25-9 P & O Co
Shah Jehan ...2566 Webb .....B & P S N Co
Said.....1445 .....Bo & H S N Co
Strathendrick...2843...Stewart .....K Nixon & Co
Strathairly.....2783 McMahon .....W & A G & Co
Shah Navaz.....2522,.....Denison .....B & H S N Co
Springburn.....3436 Crosthwaite.....W & A G & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 15.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Sefala.....	3436	Bobb	N F.....		M M & Co
B Clan Colquhoun...	3760	Summer	M Goa	20-9	J F & Co
C & R Rydal Hall..	2139...	Deaton ...	Manchester		...23-9 K Nixon & Co
D & E Fakhri.....	2555	Revill	Mauritius.		...17-9 B & H S N Co
G Ahmadi,	1640	Hughes...	Zanzibar...		17-9 B & P S N Co
N Penrose...	2463	Steer ...	Barrow in Furness.....		20-9 R A Willis
O Somali.....	1615	Greiwe...	Zbar		16-9 A Strandes
P Weissenfels.....	3570	Reimirs.....	Hamburg via K'chi		21-9 W & A G & Co
Q Hoseinee...	994	Jourdon...	Jeddah		16-9...B & P S N Co

H W P D

Sabarmati...525 Mahomed...M'lore. .17-9 Bo S N Co Ld

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Olympia...3267 Tait ...L'pool... 25-9 W & A G & Co
4 Ischia .....2481 Belsito ..... Hongkong 17-9 Florio & R S N Co
5 Mohamadi...1252 Gore P Gulf...20-9...B & P S & Co
6 Dwarka ...759 Moxon Bushe...16-9...M M & Co
7 Shah Ameer...1921 Pigot ...N F...B & H S N Co
8 Daldorch...3031 Pearson .....Antwerp .....1 J Finlay & Co Ld
9 Majidi...1857 Newby...Jeddah...26-9 B & P S N Co
10&11 City of Calcutta...4785 Miller.....K'chi...18-9 K N & Co
15 Hindoo.....3156 Groves .....K'chi ...18-9 J Finlay & Co Ld
16 Badrie.....1613...Collinsono.....Jeddah .....24-9 G Jeewajee & Co

M W D D

Itinda.....3398 Swanson...Calcutta ...18-9 M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Sept	Vessel.	Commander.	From
15	Bombay Maru s...	Evans	Kobe, Aug. 11
	Fazilka s.....	Williams....	Mauritius, Aug 30

DEPARTURES.

Sept	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
15	Lombardia s	Fileta	Genoa, &c
	Himalaya s.....	Spicer	China, &c
	Surada s.....	Atton	Rangoon, &c
	Daldorch s	Pearson	Antwerp, &c

The steamer Dwarka Moxon for Persian Gulf obtained her portclearance on Wednesday:—

The following vessels began to load on Wednesday.
Steamer Olympia for Liverpool, &c.
„ Penrose for Barrow in Furness.
„ Hydra for Bangkok, &c.
„ *Salsette for Aden.
„ Totomi Maru for Kobe, &c.
* Before arrival.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The German East Africa Line steamer President arrived at Mombassa from Bombay on the 15th instant via Lamu.

The Anchor Line steamer Circassia outward bound passed Suez on the 15th and is due to arrive here on the morning of the 26th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—SEPT. 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—9,040 cwts oil cake, The New Mofussil Co; 6,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers; 750 tons manganese ore, Schroder Smidt and Co; 1,000 cwts bonemeal, Croft Mody and Co; 104 bales wool, J Karra; 3 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA

Olympia s—266 casks skins, Enrico M Stein; 24 casks skins, Stein Forbes and Co; 250 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR BOSTON.

Olympia s—23 casks skins, Stein Forbes and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—1,007 cwts myrabollams, P Muthradas and Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Rydal Hall s—6 bales silk waste, J A Begbie and Co.

FOR HULL.

Hindoo s—4,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts myrabollams, G. Madhowji and Co; 257 cwts cottonseed, Heerji Jetha and Co.

FOR COPENHAGEN.

Hindoo s—100 cwts cashewnuts, J Fachiri.

FOR ANTWERP.

Daldorch —2,000 cwts rapeseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2,009 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Weissenfels s—18 cwts turmeric, Nuserwanji Bros and Co; 1,570 cwts myrabollams, P Mathradas; 172 cwts gum, S Cooverjee and Co; 100 bales cotton fly, J C Tadiwalla; 245 bales cotton-fly, C Peraji and Co; 140 bales cotton-fly; H E Bode and Sons.

Hermiston s—1,074 cwts rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 500 cwts weedseed, 201 cwts mustardseed, Baner and Krause.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—2,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co: 5,604 cwts cashewnuts, 206 cwts senna leaves, R Jeewandas and Co; 304 cwts soowaseed, R Jeewandas and Co; 2,000 cwts castorseed, 21,160 cwts mowraseed, 2,772 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros; 200 cwts cajoo kernels, R Damji and Co.

City of Calcutta s—396 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Hermiston s—100 cwts old iron E B Parekh; 100 bales cotton J A Begbie and Co; 800 bales cotton, Bamji and Co; 800 tons old iron, H Tajbhoy and Co; 275 tons oil iron, N Futehally and Co; 1,000 cwts linseed, K Nixon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ischia s—174 bales twist Cursetjee Bamonji and Co.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON 14TH SEPT. 09,] [BOMBAY, 15TH SEPT. 09.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus. Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols... ...	83 5/8	un chgd
3 do. Rentes	98 1/2	un chgd
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	97 3/4	un chgd
3½ do. Govt Securities....	62 7/8	1/16
Bar Silver in London ...	23 3/4	1/16
do. do. 2 months' hence	23 3/4	1/16
Silver in New York	51 1/2	1/8
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·14 1/2	un chgd
do. do. do. Berlin....	20·41 1/2	un chgd
do. do. do. New York.	4·86 1/8	un chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate,	2 1/2	Since 1st April.
do Short London Bills		
3 months' sight.	1 1/2	un chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills		
6 months' sight...	2 3/8	un chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 1/8	un chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	2 7/8	un chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	5/8	un chgd
do. 7-day Market Loans...	7/8	un chgd
Bar Gold (per oz.),	77/11 5/8	un chgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) ...1s. 3 25-32d. unchgd
*Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL:—

Spot	...	Quieter.
Futures	...	Steady.
East Indian	...	Quiet.
Manchester	...	Quiet.
Total Sales	10,000	bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export ...	...	.....
Imports	...	1,000
Mid-Americans	...	6·77—02
Egyptian F, G, F. Brown ...	9	3-4 nnchgd

*Called 2,000

Future Delivery Prices:—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6·49 +05	6·46 +05	6·46 +05	6·46 +05
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June
6·47 +05	6·47 +05	6·47 +05	6·47 +05	6·48 +06

New York:—

Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	...	51,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year ...	...	52,000 „
Exports to Great Britain	...	nil.
Do to Continent ...	...	nil.
Spot Cotton—12·50+10		
Futures—Month of Oct. 12·28+10		Declined early owing to bear pressure and liquidation and advanced later on bull support and short covering.
Do. do. Dec. 12·29+10		

New Orleans:—
Spot Cotton—12 3-16 unchgd.
Futures—Month of Oct. 12·21+09
Do. do. Dec. 12·26+09
Closing Tone of spot—Steady.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi—39 1-2—Sept.-Oct.—London—Sellers.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe.—62lbs.—37 1-4 Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Firmer.
Barletto Russa 62lbs.—39 3-4 Afloat—Sellers—Firmer.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian.—40 1-2 Sept.-Oct. Sellers.—Firm.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—
Yellow Guirat per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship—45 Sept.-Oct.—Antwerp—Done.
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship—44 1-4 Sept.-Oct.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore—42 Sept.-Oct.—Hamburg—Done.
Linseed:—
Linseed Argentine La Plata 47 3-4—Sept.-October—Hamburg—Done.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE:—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 7 1-4 unchgd.
Rubber:—
Para Rubber, 8s. 4d.—Value.
Arrivals:—
"Glenclung."

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING,] [15TH SEPT. 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
1 Bundle Sovs ...	Rs. 2,400	Jeddah ...	J H Awazi.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 13th September 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	55	62,053
B. B. & C.I. Railway	73	86,708

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates—

Bank of England...	2½ per cent, from	1st April.
Bank of Bengal ...	3 per cent, „	1st July.
Bank of Bombay...	3 per cent. „	15th July.
Bank of Madras ...	4 per cent. „	20th July

Money:—
The Bank of Madras cash balance in Rs. 3 1-2 lacs down. Its official rate of interest is unchanged.

Exchange:—
The Exchange Market is steady. Quotations are 1s. 3 29-32d. for T. T. as well as Bank Demand, and 1s. 4 1-32d. for credits 3 months' sight. Far Eastern rates are firm.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	1s. 3 29-32d.
Demand Draft	1s. 3 29-32d.
Credits—3 months' sight ...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Do 6 months' sight ...	1s. 4 3-16d.
Do 2 months' sight—France	168 1-4
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	137 1-4
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	130 1-2
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	152 3/4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	174 1-2

Government Paper:—
This market opened at 94 15-16 for the 30th September settlement and was maintained at that level throughout the day. Ready paper was quoted 1-8 per cent. higher. A trifling business has been placed to-day. There were buyers in the Calcutta market in the forenoon at 94 15-16 for cash, and sellers at 94 3-4 for forward delivery in a month.

We quote:—

Cash ...	Rs. 95-1	Quiet,
1st Settlement...	„ 94-15	

Bullion:—
Bar silver advanced 1-16d. yesterday in London at 23 3-4 for spot as well as forward delivery in 2 months. The tone of the market at the close was steady to firm. The New York rate was up 1-8 cent at 51 1-2. Our local market opened at 60-10, ex-duty for ready as well as October delivery and gained one anna in both the positions in the course of the day. The November settlement kept 2 annas higher. Only a limited business has been transacted to-day.

The following are the closing prices for Bar Gold:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	3	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	3	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	1	0
English Shield Sovereign	15	7	0
English Dragon Sovereign	15	1	6
Silver in Italy—Bonds	60	11	0
Ditto 1st Settlement	60	11	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement	60	12	0

COTTON.

Market Report:—
In sympathy with the advance in America, there is a steadier feeling in our market and prices are about Re 1 higher all round. There is a fair enquiry by exporters and mills for New Crop, but sellers are by no means keen and a moderate business is reported. We quote as under:—

QUOTATIONS:—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	282/3	Mar. 1910
Good M. G. Broach	288 1/2	„ „
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kampti ...	253	Jan. 1910
Fine M. G. Damangaum-Pulgaon	244	„ „
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola ...	241/2	„ „
Fine M. G. Amraoti	241/2	„ „
Fine M. G. Muttia	228	„ „
F. G. M. G. Khandeish... ...	223	„ „
Fine. M. G. Khandeish ...	230	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengals	221	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengals	220	Dec. 1909.
Fine M. G. Bengals	242	Nov. 1909.
F. G. H. G. Bengals	205	Jan. 1910.

Liverpool Opener:—
Opening Tone ... ... Steady.
Estimated Sales ... ... 10,000 bales.
Total Imports 8,000

Future Delivery Prices:—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6·54 +05	6·51 +05	6·51 +05	6·51 +05
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June.
6·52 +05	6·52 +05	6·52 +05	6·52 +05	6·53 +05

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed:—
The market is firm and we quote:—

Ready	Rs.	8 10	0	B. T.
Sept.-Oct. ...	Rs.	9 1	9	R. T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is firm as under:—

Ready Brown Kutni ...	Rs.	7	2 0	B. T.
Ready Yellow Gujarat ...	„	7	7 0	„
Ready Yellow Cawnpore ...	„	7	4 0	„
Brown Delhi, April-May ...	„	7	5 0	R. T.

GINGELLYSEED:—

Bold White 85 per cent.	Rs.	44	8 0	Nov.-Dec.
White Khandeish...	„	48	0 0	Sept.-Oct.

Tone—Firm.

POPPYSEED:—

Ready	Rs.	9	11 6	R. T.

Tone,—Steady.

CASTORSEED:—

Ready	Rs.	3	12 0	
Sept.-Oct.	Rs.	6	14 0	R. T.

Tone—Steady.

COTTONSEED:—

Ready...	Rs.	3	8 0	

MOWRASEED:—

Sept.-Oct....	Rs.	5	15 6	R. T.

Tone—Steady.

WHEAT:—
The market is steady as under:—

White Delhi, Sept.	Rs.	6	0 0	R.T.
White-Delhi, April-May ...	„	5	5 9	„

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	258 bales.
Wheat	4,714 cwts.
Linseed	1,767 „
Rapeseed	4,896 „
Gingellyseed	228 „
Poppyseed...	589 „
Groundnuts	43 „
Castorseed	2,491 „
Rice	58,685 „
Myrabollams	nil.
Cottonseed	4,479 „
Mowraseed...	960 „
Gram	706 „
Jowar	817 „
Maize	76 „

London Quotations.

The following are the Indian Gold Mines quotations received by special cablegram, dated London, 15th September:—

Mines.	Share.	Paidup	Buyers.	Sellers.
Anantapur Gold...	£1	0s.	£0 9 3	£0 10 9
Balaghat (Ord) ...	£1	7s. 6d.	£0 4 6	£0 6 0
Balaghat (Pref) ...	£10	...	£0 10 6	£0 12 0
Champion Reefs...	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d.	£0 9 6	£0 11 0
Hosur Gold	£1	15s. 4d	Nil	£0 0 3
Dec. G. F. Dev ...	£1	5s. 0d.	Nil	£0 0 3
Dhar. Gold Mines.	£1	£1	£0 1 0	£0 2 0
Dharwar Reefs ...	£1	£1	£0 1 6	£0 2 9
G. F. Mysore	£1	£1	£0 1 0	£0 2 0
Glentrock, Ind.....	10s.	9s. 9d.	Nil	Nil
G. F. Dharwar ...	£1	£1	£0 0 3	£0 0 9
Hutti	£1	£1	£0 11 3	£0 13 9
Hyderabad Dec ...	£3	£3	£1 17 6	£2 2 6
Kempinkte New...	5s.	5s.	£0 0 3	£0 0 6
Mysore Gold	10s.	10s.	£5 8 9	£5 13 9
Mysore Reef Ord..	£1	£1	£0 0 3	£0 0 7½
Mysore West	£1	19s.	£0 0 9	£0 1 6
Mysore Wynaad...	£1	19s.	£0 0 9	£0 1 6
N Anantapur			£0 8 0	£0 9 6
Nundydroog	10s.	10s.	£1 7 0	£1 8 3
Ooregum (Ord) ...	10s.	10s.	£1 2 3	£1 4 6
Ooregum (Pref) ...	10s.	10s.	£1 12 6	£1 14 6
Burma Ruby Ms...	£1	12s.	£0 7 0	£0 8 0
Burma Oil (Ord)...			£4 12 6	£4 16 9
Sangli Mines Ld...	£1	1s.	Nil	Nil
D N Mysore Mang.	£1	£1	Nil	Nil
New Shimoga G. F.		12s. 6d	£0 4 0	£0 7 0

THE RUSSO-CHINESE BANK.

The following is the Directors' report, presented at the General Meeting on the 23rd July:—

The Board of Directors herewith submit to the shareholders the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Bank for the year 1908. The total profit for the year, deducting all expenses as well as interest due, and after reserving for doubtful debts, amounts to Rbl. 2,019,245 20. The Board of Directors propose to pay a dividend of 4 per cent. and to transfer Rbl. 161,643·29 to the ordinary Reserve Funds; Rbl. 402,812·27 to Pension, amortisation, remuneration and other Funds, leaving a surplus of Rbl. 491,261 64 which the Board proposes to carry forward to the year 1909.

SALE OF COUNCIL BILLS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 15.

It will be remembered that of the twenty lakhs of Council Bills offered for sale a week ago the Secretary of State disposed of only a little over two lakhs. News now received shows that during the past week he has sold the balance which is a hopeful sign of reviving business.

THE Duke of the Abruzzi will return to Italy during the latter part of this month and shortly afterwards will visit London in response to an invitation conveyed to him by the Royal Geographical Society.

SOME cases of poisoning have been traced to the eating of sweets. Two children of a boatman have died, and two other children are so seriously ill that there is little chance of their recovery. The police, who are making a close inquiry into the affair, have already seized fourteen hundred boxes of suspected confectionery.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

FOR Health, Beauty and Luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which Lady Constance Howard writes,—"Is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap" see that the Name and Figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

INDIA.

BIRTHS.

MORLEY—September 10, at Bangalore, the wife of Captain L. St. H. Morley, the "Sherwood Foresters," of a daughter.
YOUNG—September 9, at Coonoor, the wife of the Rev. A. E. J. Young, C. M. S., of a son.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Byculla Bridge, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sunrises 6h. 26m.; Sunsets 6h. 41m.; High water, 0-10m., 0-17a; Low water 5-38m.; 6-19a.
Cricket: Triangular Matches—Parsis vs. Hindus, Bombay Gymkhana Ground.
Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company, Meeting of creditors, office of Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors, 18 Esplanade Road, 3-30.

Maxim: "He that goeth about as a talebearer revealeth secrets."

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Friday, September 17.—Sunrises 6h. 26m.; Sunsets 6h. 40m.; High water 0·38m., 0-40s.; Low water 6-28m., 6-45a. Parsi Khordadsal Holiday. Triangular Cricket Matches: Parsis vs. Hindus, Bombay Gymkhana Ground. "Mrs. Gorringe's Necklace." Performance at the Gaiety Theatre, 9-30 p.m.
Saturday, September 18.—Sunrises 6h. 27m.; Sunsets 6h. 39m.; High water 1-7m., 1-5a. Low water 6-57m.; 7-12a. Triangular Cricket Matches: Parsis vs. Hindus, Bombay Gymkhana Ground. Ganesh Charturthi, Hindu Holiday. Rovers Association Football Tournament.
Sunday, September 19.—Sunrises 6h. 27m.; Sunsets 6h 38m.; High water 1-38m., 1-32a.; Low water 7-25m., 7-40a. 15th Sunday after Trinity.
Monday, September 20.—Sunrises 6h. 27m.; Sunsets 6h. 38m.; High water 2-13m., 2-2a.; Low water 7-53m., 8-10a. The Kilties Band at the Town Hall, 9-30 p.m. First night.
Tuesday, September 21.—Sunrises 6h. 27m.; Sunsets, 6h. 37m.; High water, 2-53m., 2-37a.; Low water, 8-24m., 8-46a. Triangular Cricket Matches: Winners of the first match vs. the Presidency, Bombay Gymkhana Ground. Municipal "A" Ward Election. "Mrs. Gorringe's Necklace," Gaiety Theatre, 9-30 p.m. The Kilties Band, Town Hall, 9-30.

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—Total number of patients treated during the month of August was 2,528, daily average being 81·5. Total of new admissions was 986, classified as follows:—Parsis 529, Hindus 349, and other castes 108. The number of children vaccinated were 79.

STRING BAND AT THE PAREL INSTITUTE.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel S. J. Sarjant, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p. m., to-day.

DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN PLEADER.—Mr. Keshavrao Gokhale, a well-known pleader of Nagpore, who distinguished himself by his clever defence of the editor of the "Desh Sevak," who was lately charged with sedition, has died suddenly of plague. In his death the Central Provinces have lost an able lawyer and an enthusiastic Nationalist.

THE HIGH PRIEST OF DAWOODEE BORAHS.—The recognised head of the Dawoodee Borahs of Surat, Sirdar Sayedna Abdula Budrudin Saheb, who is equally venerated by the Dawoodee Borahs in this city, has arrived with the intention of passing the Ramzan month in Bombay.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.—Under the auspices of the above Society, Prof. Pestonji Ardeshir Wadia, M.A., will deliver a public lecture in English on "Some Essential Traits of Zoroastrianism" on Saturday, the 18th instant, at 6 15 p.m. (S.T.), at the Framji Cowasji Institute. The Hon. Mr. Justice N. G. Chandavarkar, B.A., LL.B., has kindly consented to preside on the occasion.

HINDU CANDIDATES FOR THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.—A son of the Hon. Mr. Daji. Abaji Khare, who left Bombay by the last mail steamer, has gone to England to compete for the Indian Civil Service. Mr. Yeshwant Krishna Kunte, who has received support from the Hindu Education Fund, also left by the same steamer for a similar purpose.

THANKSGIVING MASS.—On Sunday next, at 11-30 a. m. (S. T.), the Trade employes of Messrs. Treacher, Kemp, Badham Pile, Thomson and Taylor, Vafiadis, Philips, Leopold, Thacker, Edward Bros., A. Hollis and Son, Telephone Co., Marcks and Co., etc., will celebrate their annual Thanksgiving Mass in the Chapel of Our Lady of the Mount, Bandra. There will be an English sermon. St. Victor's Band will play and sing for the occasion.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for the Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ito, Chindi, Dar-es-Salasm, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, and Mozambique, per s.s. "Somali," will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p.m., to-day, the 16th instant, instead of at 8 a.m., as previously advertised.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan, per s.s. "Ischia," will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7-30 p.m., to-day, 16th instant.

PARSI MATRIMONIAL COURT.—At a meeting of the Parsi Justices of the Peace held yesterday, Mr. Byramji Rustomji Jijibhoy was elected a delegate of the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court in the room of the late Mr. K. R. Cama, the other candidate being Mr. Sorabji E. Warden. Mr. Bomonji D. Petit proposed Mr. Byramji, and the proposition was seconded by Mr. Hormusji Dadabhoy and supported by Sir P. M. Mehta and Sir Cowasji Jehangir. Mr. Warden was proposed by Mr. C. M. Cursetji and seconded by Dr. K. E. Dadachanji. Fifty-three votes were recorded for Mr. Byramji and seventeen for Mr. Warden.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR T. A. SAVAGE, V. D.

Bombay, 16th September.

271.—Detail for the week ending 18th instant.
To-day Thursday, 16th instant.—"F" Coy. Parade on Coy. parade ground at 3-45 p. m.
Friday, 17th instant.—"H" Coy. Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 12 noon.
II. "K" Coy. (John Connon School) Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 3-30 p. m.
III. All Recruits of the current season to Parade at Headquarters at 6-30 p. m.
272.—Rifle Matches.—The conditions of the Viceroy's Competition for 1909-1910 have been received and may be seen at Headquarters. The following extracts are published for information:—The Competition is open to Volunteers of all ranks. Entrance fee Rs. 4 to be paid to the Adjutant by the 24th September 1909. No post entries allowed. The first stage (i. e.) 200, 500 and 500 yards (aggregate) to be fired between the 1st and 31st October 1909. The total amount of prizes to be competed for in 3 stages is Rs. 5,110.
273. Resignations.—The undernamed having left the Station are struck off the strength of the Corps:—
No. 6071 Vol. H. J. Roland, "D" Coy.
No. 5391 Sergt. L. Carroll, "F" Coy.

C. N. MORELLY, Capt.,
Acty. Adjt., B. V. R.

HIGH COURT.—SEPT. 16.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. MR. JUSTICE BATCHELOR)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

71-08 Unwalla and P Tricumlal Jugjivan vs Bai Maneckbai widow M B Chothia. Part heard.
3-09 Tyabji D and Co Lalbhoy Chunilal the firm vs Kapadia Bros the firm Mulla

AMUSEMENTS.

TOWN HALL, BOMBAY.

T. P. J. POWER Presents

THE CONQUERING KILTIES

Monday, Sept. 20th to 25th. Matinee, Wednesday and Saturday, at 5-30.

40 Sterling Artists.

FULL MILITARY BAND.

Selections—From Classical and Standard Music.

Conductor.—Albert Cook.

Twice commanded by His Majesty King Edward VII.

THE FAMOUS CLAN JOHNSTONE TROUPE of NATIONAL PIPERS AND DANCERS.

Albert Johnstone,

CHAMPION PIPER OF THE WORLD.

This wonderful quartette has had no fewer than 3 commands from the Late Queen and His Majesty Edward VII.

A LIEDERTAFEL CHOIR of 16 VOICES in part-songs, humourous, etc.

A MAMMOTH PARADE. THE GIANT DRUM MAJOR Stands (over 7 feet in height.) MAJOR D. McCORMACK Prior to Concert.

TOURING THE WORLD, 10 YEARS' PHENOMENAL SUCCESS.

Prices: Reserve, Rupees 5, 4, 3, and Re. 1. Children: Half price.

BOX PLAN: At SOUNDY & Co. (Now open).

Touring Manager,
W. J. McMAHON.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

RECITAL.

TO-DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16TH, 6-30 P.M.

PROGRAMME.

1. Prelude and Fugue in E Minor.....Bach
2. Andante .....Stainer
3. Song....."The Worker" .....Gounod
Miss NANCY SHEPHERD.
4. Andante.....Haydn
Meditation.....Mailly
Hymn 24..... ...
5. Motett..... "Hear My Prayer" ...Mendelssohn
Soprano Solo. Miss CLARA PROCTER.
Chorus ..... The CATHEDRAL CHOIR.
Organ ..... Mr. CLEMENT ROBINSON.
6. Voluntary "The War March of the Priests" Mendelssohn.

During the Singing of the Hymn, a collection will be made.

GAIETY THEATRE.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH AND TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21ST.

AMATEUR PERFORMANCE

Under the patronage of H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY, IN AID OF THE GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY AND THE SANATORIUM FOR CHILDREN

THE SPARKLING COMEDY.

will be produced by Mrs. BARLOW.

MRS. CORRINGE'S NECKLACE

IN 4 ACTS.

Captain Mowbray	Commander D. F. Vines.
Colonel Jardine	Mr. Keith Roach.
Davis Cairn	Mr. Malcolm Hogg.
Jarnijan (Detective)	Mr E. J. Bolus.
Charles (Footman)	Mr H. Stanley Kent.
Mrs. Corringe	Mrs. Ashton Street.
Mrs. Jardine	Mrs H. Piers Dimmock.
Isabel	Mrs. Vines.
Vicky	Miss Sells.
Miss Potts	Mrs. H. E. P. Nash.

PRICES.—Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2 & Re. 1.
Boxes, Rs. 25.
Doors open, 8-30.
Commence at 9-30.
Plan at Messrs. ROSE & Co.

SPECIAL FOOTBALL MATCH.

Cup presented by Messrs.

JOHN HAIG & Co.

Between the Winners and Runners-up of

THE HARWOOD LEAGUE:

Y. M. C. A. vs. GLOUCESTERS.

COOPERAGE FOOTBALL GROUND.

FRIDAY, THE 17TH SEPTEMBER, 1909.

Kick-off at 5-40 P.M. Sharp.

The whole of the proceeds to be presented to the Committee of the new SOLDIERS' HOME.

ADMISSION:

	West Side.	East side.
Gentleman	Re. One.	8 Annas.
Ladies and Children ...	8 Annas.	4 Annas.

No admission without a Ticket.

Arrangements will be made for a Band to play at intervals.

"TOWN KIT."

FLANNEL Suit @ Rs. 22-8 complete

FLANNEL Suit @ Rs. 15-8 Do.

FLANNEL Suit @ Rs. 10-8 Do.

Latest Fashion Details

Experienced Cutter Employed.

Made to Order.

Apply for samples and self-measure-forms, To

THE NEW BOMBAY TAILORING CO

115, Hornby Road, Opposite York Building, FORT.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Shares Lists and Rates of Exchange List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Engagements. Annual Subscription in advance, Rs. 10; Single Copy, Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Fort Street.

PATHEPHONE TALKING MACHINE,

the most scientific and up-to-date, does away with the trouble of changing the needles.

The only machine free from nasaltwang.

A dealer writes:—

"We have the pleasure to inform you that we took delivery of your goods on Saturday, 15th instant. We are glad to hear the public admiration of your Scientific Machine which encourages us for its sale at a near future. It is believed when people have heard the Pathephones once, they wont like any other which are comparatively defective in the sound. The sound which Pathephones give is simply marvellous and gives exact human sound. In short, we expect to have a grand sale of your machines."

The Best and yet the Cheapest.

Write to-day for catalogues to:—

THE PATHEPHONE & CINEMA Co., LTD., 57, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Reliable Agents wanted everywhere.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY is reduced to a fine art by the DEFERRED PAYMENT SYSTEM

MARCKS & CO.'S PIANOS

OFFERED FOR CASH, or on the DESERRED PAYMENT SYSTEM.

HORIZONTAL GRAND AND UPRIGHT GRAND PIANOS

at London Cash Prices in India.

QUALITY, TONE, TOUCH, GUARANTEED.

BLUTHNER, SCHIEDMAYER, (J & P) BIOHd. LIPP, STEINWEG-NACHF, From Rs. 550 to Rs. 2,000

instalments from Rs. 25, and MARCKS & CO.'S Standard Pianos.

These PIANOS are built expressly for us and selected with a view to giving absolute satisfaction.

If you want a Piano communicate with us, and we will send you illustrated literature which we feel sure will interest you.

MARCKS & Co., LTD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

UP-TO-DATE FURNITURE

IN HANDSOME DESIGNS.

FOR CASH—HIRE PURCHASE—HIRE.

Roll Top Office Desks,

A SPECIALITY.

ONLY SEASONED WOOD USED.

BEFORE FURNISHING CONSULT US.

No Order too large
No Commission too Small
For Our Immediate and Careful Attention.

LUARD BARRINGTON & Co.,

THE RELIABLE EUROPEAN AGENCY, 109, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,

King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

THE YORKSHIRE FIRE LIFE ACCIDENT LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

LIFE POLICIES

At Cheap Rates with Large Bonuses with Ample Security.

BEFORE INSURING ELSEWHERE

Consult

THE MANAGER

THE YORKSHIRE INSURANCE Co., Ld.,

78, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

Registered Telegraphic Address:—

"YORKSHIRE, BOMBAY."

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1909.

BRITISH INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

TUESDAY evening's meeting in protest against the treatment of British Indians in the Transvaal was distinguished by the moderate tone of the speeches, and on that account will doubtless receive more consideration than might otherwise have been the case. References to the cause of its postponement were unnecessary and to some extent detracted from the dignity of the proceedings, but we congratulate Mr. Gokhale on his address, which placed the audience in possession of facts which were only known there before by a few. There are many wrong impressions abroad and it was well that a British Indian, who cannot be accused of any lack of sympathy with his fellow-countrymen and their aspirations, should have explained the position so accurately and dispassionately. But when he spoke approvingly of Passive Resistance we part company with him. Mr. Gokhale, no doubt anticipated that others would do the same. He told his audience he had heard it said by some friends, mainly Englishmen, that though they originally sympathised with the Indians in this struggle, Mr. Gandhi's resort to passive resistance, involving as it did defiance of the laws of the Colony, had alienated their sympathies. Mr. Gokhale thinks passive resistance such as that organised by Mr. Gandhi, not only legitimate but a duty resting on all self-respecting persons. What is this passive resistance, he asked, and replying to his question, said;—"Passive resistance to an unjust law or an oppressive measure and a refusal to acquiesce in that law or measure and a readiness to suffer the penalty instead which may be prescribed as an alternative. If we strongly and clearly and conscientiously feel the grave injustice of a law, and there is no other way to obtain redress, I think refusal to acquiesce in it, taking the consequences of such refusal, is the only course left to those who place conscience and self-respect above their material or immediate interests." There, we think, Mr. Gokhale is wrong. The truly loyal citizen is one who obeys his country's laws and the passive resister is as much an offender against the law as one who wilfully and deliberately sets it at nought. Obey the laws whether they be right in your opinion or not; if not agitate unless your grievances be redressed. If people were permitted to disobey the laws there would be an end to all good government and that heart-rending picture painted by Mr. Polak, even accepting the glowing pigments he employed, as strictly accurate, we cannot but feel that the sufferers were misguided in permitting themselves to fall into breaches of the law which necessitated their imprisonment. Even admitting they had to conform to prison regulations, clean their own cells, wear prison clothing, and were allowed only ordinary prison diet, there can be but little difference in the treatment of the offender against one law and the offender against another.

That British Indians in the Transvaal—for that matter in the whole of South Africa—have been badly treated and subjected to humiliating laws and regulations we have stated time and again, and have consistently protested against any restriction against their admission into the Colonies—which is even further than Mr. Gandhi and his friends will go. But we cannot but feel that open defiance of the law is mistaken policy and that it will do their cause harm rather than good. We do not wish to stretch the meaning of the Queen's Proclamation, as so many friends of British Indians endeavour to do. Our own objection to the treatment of British Indians in South Africa is that although as much British subjects as any one of the old settlers, they have less freedom than these, less freedom and fewer privileges than the loafer, the jail-bird, the scum of Southern Europe, that "the submerged tenth" of any European country, the escaped cut-throat of the Levant, the Russian outlaw and anarchist—an agglomeration of lawless ruffians such as wrought havoc at the blast furnaces in the centre of the American steel trade, Pittsburg, the other day, have fair access to the colonies, are subject to no educational or other test on entering the country and are protected by the British flag, under which the placid, inoffensive Indian—fellow-subjects of the men who made the laws, and more loyal than many of the Boers who were forced under it—finds but limited shelter. The thing is a crying shame, but this aspect of the case has not been fully presented either here or elsewhere in agitations for the amendment of the law. The representations of Indians in South Africa make no mention of this unfairness or of the evil consequences likely to accrue. They make very simple and very plain demands, if demands they may be termed. Mr. Jehangir Petit stated the case quite correctly, when he said what the Indians ask is not that they shall not be registered, for almost all of them are registered and have given the most complete means of identification. Not that they shall be allowed to overrun the Transvaal. They do not make any such demand. Nay, they have gone even further. In their zeal to put an end to this unpleasant struggle, they have even gone so far as to admit—though he felt perhaps wrongly—the right of the Transvaal to determine who shall and who shall not enter the Colony and to form a part of the permanent population. They realise that the current of colonial prejudice against the unrestricted immigration of British Indians is too strong to be successfully stemmed. But, they want that those who are already resident in the Transvaal and those who are born and bred in the Colony, should be granted full civil rights, including the right to develop unfettered all that is best in them. They want that they should be allowed to grow as a community, unhampered and unmolested, as they would be in any other part of the British Empire. In other words, they demand: (1) The repeal of Act 2 of 1907, which insults their manhood and stunts their legitimate growth as a community; and (2) the removal of the race bar that forbids the most cultured Indian to enter the Transvaal on equal terms with the cultured men of any other race, for the sole reason that he is an Asiatic. That is all.

There is, of course, another side of the question—that is, that the South African colonists, having taken and developed the country, are entitled to develop it and its resources in their own way. They object to an influx of people whose industry and frugal habits enable them to undersell their traders and to lower the rate of labourers' wages. In short they desire to adopt Australia's short-sighted policy—a policy which, as we showed the other day, has already been found to defeat all Australia's chances of becoming a cotton growing and manufacturing country—of making it a white man's country. They regard the presence of Asiatics, classing Chinese coolies and British Indian tradesmen, merchants and skilled workmen in the same category as "a cancer which has eaten so deeply into the vitals of South Africa that it ought to be resolutely eradicated." But it is remarkable that in not a single instance where statements of the kind have been made has it been attempted to illustrate the injurious influences of British Indian residents in the country, either on trade, the learned professions, or even labour. No adequate or reasonable effort has been made to justify differentiation between British subjects of one part of the Empire and another. They wish it so because they wish it so, is the best answer they can give to a question as to why they wish to exclude Indians. Their position would be ludicrous as if it were not so unfair and insulting to their own fellow-subjects, in many cases men who have helped them not only to accumulate wealth, but to defend their lives and property from the African tribesmen, who prefer plunder to work, and who would systematically raid outlying stations were it not for fear of the consequences. We admit we have little hope that British Indians in South Africa will ever be placed on an equal footing with other British subjects, but they must continue to agitate until at least the vexatious regulations in operation against them are removed, if not until they are given preferential terms to the objectionable foreigner who is a curse to any country he enters.

THE VILLAGE MUNSIF.

THE distrust, which is shown of Indian Magistrates by the Indian litigant, is an old theme. We are reminded of it by reading in a blue-book upon the judicature of the North-Western Provinces that as an institution the Village Munsif there has not yet become a success. In some districts he is popular, in others he is not, and the total number of courts fell during last year from 496 to 452. "The courts as a whole have not yet won their way to public confidence and favour, but where a suitable Munsif is found his court is freely resorted to even in cases of considerable value." There seems unfortunately to be some difficulty in finding the right persons to fill the positions and during the year seventeen Munsifs either resigned or were removed from their posts. The report suggests that there has been carelessness on the part of the officials responsible for their selection. If that is so, it is rather useless to expect that the Munsif will ever be a popular or useful institution, for while a good Munsif may be a very good thing for the people amongst whom he lives, and may save them much trouble and expense a bad one will be worse than none at all. There are 65 circles still to be filled on the Gorakhpur circles, and it is for these in authority to see that there is no longer any official laxity in this matter. Generally it must be admitted, however, the Munsifs have done their work well. Applications for revisions of their awards have been few in number, and in most cases unsuccessful. The work which is cast upon judicature of the province continues to increase and in the total number of suits in the various courts which was 112,056, there was an increase last year over 1907 of 5,804, or about 5 per cent, Justice is by no means a speedy matter. The average duration of contested cases was 67 days and for uncontested 32, while the additional Subordinate Judge at Aligarh actually has an average of 270 days. There are others too who run him close, but the High Court, we are informed, does not consider the delay excessive as the work was all heavy and intricate, Appeals were fewer and there has been a diminution of the pending file.

THREE NOTABILITIES.

REUTER to-day makes mention of three notable figures, two of whom at least have done well recognised service for the State, while the third has worked equally hard in an out-post of Empire. Lord Tweedmouth, the second holder of the title, which was created in 1881, has served both in the House of Commons as Liberal M. P., for Berwick and in the House of Lords. Amongst his official positions have been Comptroller of the Household, Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury, and Chief Liberal Whip, Lord Privy Seal and Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and then, from 1905 until last year, First Lord of the Admiralty, which office he left to become Lord President of the Council. Lord Tweedmouth is just sixty years of age and so is considerably younger than Lord Swaythling, who was born in 1832. Son of the late Mr. Louis Samuel of Liverpool, in 1853 he founded the banking firm of Samuel Montagu and Co. of London, from the headship of which he is now retiring. Lord Swaythling is a well known writer on financial subjects and was a member of the Gold and Silver Commission of 1887-1890. For fifteen years he sat in Parliament as M. P. for Whitechapel. Sir Ralph Moor was of a different calibre Starting life in the Royal Irish Constabulary for ten years from 1881, he then in 1892 became Deputy Commissioner and Vice-Consul in the Oil Rivers in the Niger Coast Protectorate. The same year he became Acting Commissioner and in 1896 Commissioner and Consul-General of the Niger Coast Protectorate till in 1900 he became High Commissioner of Southern Nigeria. He was created a K.C.M.G. in the year of the Diamond Jubilee.

AN INDIAN AVIATOR.

WHILE all the world is reading the accounts of the English, French, American and German aviators the problem is also engaging the attention of an Indian engineer, Mr. K. S. Sanghani, who proposes to build a flying machine on a new principle. Whether or no his contrivance will be successful we do not know, but his theory, as published in an explanatious booklet is that a box should be fitted with fans sucking in air from above and compressing it in order to force it out under high pressure through holes in the bottom. The inventor claims that he can construct a machine that will cover two thousand miles in a day and a night while carrying fifty men, costing one-fifth of a pie per man per mile. If this can be done the invention will certainly be a powerful rival of railways, but for the time being we prefer to wait until the value of the invention has been tested before hoping that we shall see the stuffy Indian railway carriage as a thing of the past.

OUR Mussoorie correspondent wires:—I much regret the error in stating that Mr. Crichton late of the Crown Brewery had succumbed to an attack of abscess on the liver. The gentleman who died was a Mr. Crichton of Ajmere who came up ill for treatment. The mistake arose and was generally believed in consequence of their being only one resident of Mussoorie bearing that name. The man had quite recently recovered from a severe attack of pneumonia.

THE Aldershot Command championship has been won by Lieut. Ferrar, of the 3rd Rifle Brigade.

LORD CURZON has accepted the position of Vice-President to the League of the Empire.

REAR-ADMIRAL Sir Colin R. Keppel hoisted his flag on the battleship "Vengeance" in the River Medway, on succeeding Rear-Admiral W. B. Fisher as second in command of the Atlantic Fleet.

AN inveterate smoker, who has just died at Val Blegno, in the Canton of Tessin, has left a charge in his will that a kilogramme of tobacco, a pipe, two boxes of matches, and a walking-stick are to be placed in his coffin.

THE Australian State Premiers have resolved to vest in the Commonwealth certain powers respecting industrial matters, with a view to securing greater industrial peace.

A CANADIAN paper publishes a report to the effect that a movement is on foot in influential circles in London to persuade Sir Wilfrid Laurier to accept the position of first Governor-General of United South Africa.

AN important step was taken in the early part of this year with regard to the Japanese State railway accounts. Hitherto these had been included in the general State accounts, funds were disbursed out of the general account for construction work and improvements, and the item of "railway profits" figured in the State Budget. The railway accounts are, however, now to be wholly severed from the rest of the State's financial business, so as to make the working and management of the railway system completely independent. Under the new arrangement a railway special account is to be opened. The funds invested are to be treated as railway capital, and the whole working is to be self-contained, and separate from any other State affairs. The railway special account is to be dealt with under the three usual headings. It is proposed that into the reserve account is to be paid annually a sum not exceeding 10 per cent. of the railway profits, this fund being intended to meet deficits caused by natural calamities, accidents, etc. In future, therefore, after paying out the gross earnings all charges for working, and putting aside 10 per cent. of the surplus to reserve, the balance is to be placed to the credit of capital account for defraying the cost of construction and improvements, etc. The actual amount of the residue, placed to the credit of the capital account, will naturally vary largely, according to the policy to be pursued in working the State system. That fairly substantial sums are expected may be gathered from the estimate made by the Railway Board of a net profit, after payment of interest on loans, for 1909-10 of £819,420. In cases of deficit the Government is authorised to issue public loans, chargeable, of course, to the special railway accounts.

THE GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

German French Relations.

BERLIN, AUGUST 27.

German French relations, which have for decades past formed one of the most difficult and delicate problems of international politics, appear at the present moment to have entered upon a stage of peaceful development. The Casablanca episode, which, by its very nature, was admirably calculated to arouse chauvinistic passions, was, thanks to a wise moderation on both sides, honourably satisfied by arbitration. Some months later, the Morocco question was robbed of the greater part of its dangerous character, by an agreement as to the relative interests of both countries in the land in question, in such a manner that, in the future, a satisfactory settlement of all disputes between the two Powers is definitely to be anticipated. This development, which was inaugurated in such a happy manner by these two agreements, has suffered no disturbance during the course of the current year; on the contrary, more recent events show a consolidation of this tendency. It is not very long since, that meetings between the Tsar and the Heads of the Western Powers, the President of the French Republic and the King of England, were exploited by a portion of the French Press, in chauvinistic and sensational articles of an anti-German character; on this occasion such has not been the case, or at least it may be said that this tendency has been kept within very narrow limits, and has only been shown by newspapers enjoying but a scanty reputation among the French people themselves. On the occasion of the last Cabinet crisis, brought about by Delcasse's encounter with Clemenceau, the cause was Delcasse's anti-German policy, a very ticklish matter as it must be admitted. The French Chamber, indignant at the impulsive and tyranical methods of the Minister President, went against him, and showed itself on this occasion, in favour of Delcasse. But the ultimate outcome of the crisis, depriving as it did, the victor of the fruits of his success, plainly showed that the leading sections in France are just as little inclined as the French people to approve of Delcasse's anti-German policy and to place him once more in power. The composition of the new Cabinet is a guarantee for the continuation of the foreign policy of its predecessor, i.e., a foreign policy having a leaning towards England and Russia, but imbued with a decidedly peaceful tendency.

It must be admitted, however, that it would be a great mistake to anticipate that such signs of calm and peaceful development are going to lead to German-French friendship. It may well be that the interests of both countries are nowhere diametrically opposed and that, in more than one important domain, they are even parallel; this fact merely proves that interests and real factors have less influence on the march of events than the incubus of sentiment and other causes. Hostility to Germany is a great historical tradition among the French, and, what is perhaps still more important, this hostility has become an instrument in the hands of those guiding the somewhat complicated policy of the French Chamber, by means of which temporary waves of emotion are made use of to bring about the fall of ministries. Too often this international bugbear is brought to the fore for reasons of a internal policy, or even personal character. And even though a political device remains but a political device, still it is scarcely likely to arouse confidence, and as long as all signs of friendship for Germany are regarded as a reproach in the lobbies of the French Chamber, all lovers of peace will be glad to hear German-French relations engrossing as little of the public attention as possible.

THE ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE OF POWER-MILLS.

Among the proposed duties, with which the rapidly working Finance Committee of the German Empire was desirous of finding a substitute for the Government proposals which were rejected, may be cited the so-called duty on the turn-over of mills, which was intended as a protection for the old style miller. It was proposed that all mills grinding not more than 500 tons of corn, (there are 41,364 such installations in the German Empire) should be made exempt from this form of taxation. The medium sized undertakings of this kind, numbering in all 3,604 installations, and grinding between 500 and 4,500 tons, were to pay in all a tax of 48,600 marks. The 474 mills on the larger scale, having a maximum output of 30,000 tons, were to contribute a joint payment of 370,000 marks; whereas the 58 largest mills were to be taxed to the extent of not less than 12 3-5 million marks. That is to say, that nearly the whole 13 millions of marks, which it was hoped to obtain from this source of taxation, was to fall upon the large power mills. The inequality of this tax was to be justified by the fact, that the medium-sized and small mills are being reduced to bankruptcy by the competition of the gigantic enterprises of this kind recently set on foot. The number of small mills becomes less and less from year to year. The picturesque windmill has already almost entirely disappeared from many parts of Germany. It is becoming more and more a thing of the past to see the peasant and the citizen bring his corn to the mill to be ground for payment.

The heavy burden thus imposed on the owners of the great power mills might, at first sight, have the appearance of a benevolent act of legislation in favour of the middle classes. The more remarkable did it appear that the German Government, otherwise always so ready to protect the weak against unfair competition, should have declared this sliding-tariff as quite unacceptable in any form. What are the reasons for this decisive refusal? It is important that they should be understood.

The determining factor was the interests of the public more especially of that numerous section of the community which consumes bread in large quantities. It has been proved that the cost of grinding has been so greatly decreased in Germany by the adoption of power-mills, that the difference between the price of corn and the flour itself is continually becoming less. The neighbourhood of a large grinding plant makes itself felt, as has been proved, within a circle limited by the cost of carriage, by the ever-increasing proximity between the price of flour and that of corn. This is not entirely dependent on the fact that the technical perfections of power-mill installations have decreased the cost of grinding, but also on the fact that it is impossible to hold back the flour in hand for any length of time, for the reason that prices are bad. There is no room for the storage for such vast quantities of flour, and it is impossible to stop working, without incurring a loss, as can be done in the case of wind and water mills. The necessity for effecting a rapid sale shows sufficently why it is the owners of large power-driven mills, and not the small millers, who are inclined to lower the price of flour when the demand is small. It is for this reason that the farmers accuse the former of spoiling the prices of country produce by the low prices which they ask for flour, even when it has to be transported to ever-increasing distances from the place of production. As a matter of fact the competition between the power-mill owners and the small millers has been rendered doubly bitter, owing to the fact that there is no Exchange to fix definitely the wholesale price of flour, and that the retail price is determined by direct arrangement between the millers on the one side, and the bakers and the corn factors, on the other. The greater the number of power-mills, the smaller the margin between the prices of flour and corn. Some twelve years ago, the price of flour exceeded by 105 per cent., the price of an equal weight of corn; the figures for the three years 1905—1907 show that this difference, has decreased to 85 per cent. As the great power-mills, which already have a monopoly of nearly 20 per cent. of the total amount of flour produced in Germany, are bound to continue to increase in number, either the consumer or the baker is sure to benefit greatly from the new state of affairs, should no sliding-tariff be introduced.

This natural revolution in the German flour mill trade has also affected a neighbouring country. The Swiss millers, who, by reason of the presence of water-power, and owing to the difficulties of transport in the mountains, have remained true to the old style mill, are no longer able to compete with the large new power-mills of Mannheim and Ludwigshafen, which send their flour to Switzerland by water. Their distress has met with a sympathetic echo in the Swiss Press and in the Federal Government in Berne. But there, too, it has proved impossible to avoid the question, as to whether cheap bread for the whole people is not a more important issue than the maintenance of an old-fashioned industry, which is bound in the long run to be sent to the wall by the progress of modern engingearing science.

L. ASCH.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

"SISTER K." by Mabel Hart—(Methuen)—is a book somewhat out of the common, a great part of it being the life inside a hospital. To some people this will appear most interesting and being well written, adds to its charm. Of course, there is a love story running through the book. India is introduced, a barrister from Bombay being the hero. The characters, are well drawn being real everyday people. One certainly sympathises with a hospital nurse after reading of the amount of work she can get through in a day.

"PRETTY FANNY'S WAY," by R. Murray Gilchrist—(Everett).—Fanny is a humbug, a demure eyelid-drooping flirt, a weakly, pretty creature, who does not so much attract attention as wheedle it from the men nearest her by a childlike daring under the guise of timidity and forlornness. She first tries her little ways on her cousin whom she teases and makes love to most openly, until she tires of him when he finds that she is just an utter fraud. She continues her little ways on a long string of admirers. A Dean with snowy hair to whom she says tremulously: "I would give the world to stroke it." A married admirer whose tears she dries in a most charming manner. So from one to another she continues until the culmination is reached, when she is found by Susan Margeresson passionately kissing her handsome, middle-aged husband. No one is really hurt, though there is a flutter in the dovecot, and we finish the book endorsing the opinion of the other characters, that we have been genuinely entertained by a terrible little person who has never evolved a conscience, and yet whom we do not altogether dislike.

"DEEP-SEA WARRIORS," by Basil Lubbock—(Methuen).—This is a sort of diary kept by Cecil Daring, an ex-cavalry man, who shipped before the mast. He begins: "I had been a week in Calcutta, spent my last pice, and done a forty-eight hours' fast before I had the luck to bump up against Zack Slaughter, Captain of the sailing ship "Benares." Any one interested in nautical stories will find this well written and full of interest, and be quite sorry to say farewell to captain and all hands with whom one has passed so many pleasant hours on the "Benares."

"MR. BURNSIDE'S RESPONSIBILITY," by Thomas Cobb—(Mills and Boon).—Mr. Burnside is a man very much to be pitied, he is a man with a large heart. He has been and is in love with Catherine; he feels a sincere, lifelong kind of friendship for the beautiful young widow, Drusilla, who, however, has loved him for years; and he pays much attention to pretty, unprincipled Primula, with the object of comforting a poor girl who has been unfortunate enough to marry a rich, common-place man of fatherly age. This all sounds very simple and harmless and it never occurs to him that the despised husband might be jealous. This, however, unfortunately does occur, and after a great storm the husband commits suicide by accident. Now the trying time comes. What is poor Mr. Burnside to do. Is he to marry the widow Primula or either of the other two? It is like a puzzle and a most entertaining book.

"A WILD BEAUTY," by Dick Donovan—(George Bell).—This author is so well known that little need be said of the present work. It is a real good Irish story. A mad wager was the cause of all the trouble and all the joy. The Earl of Blackwater making a bet with Julyan Trapmore, which bet was "for twenty thousand pounds." "The Julyan Trapmore is to marry within two years from this date, the most beautiful, the wealthiest and proudest woman to be found in Connaught. W is to be the judge as to the beauty of the wom We'll be guided by the common opinion of neighbourhood in which the lady lives." A good subject on which to build a most romantic story and very ably does Mr. Dick Donovan carry us through storm and strife to a pleasant ending.

"CICERO"—Select Letters, by Rev. T. Nicklin, M.A., (Blackwood).—These consists of forty letters, specially selected by the author. An introductory note on the life and times of Cicero. It is also well illustrated.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 15.

The following Second-Lieutenants, R.F.A., are posted to Batteries on the Indian Establishment as named and embark on the 29th instant:—C. A. L. Brownlow to the 75th Battery; G. Burrard to the 64th; L. O'Brien to the 80th; H. Russell to the 11th; A. Bryson to the 20th; C. Buist to the 91st; J. Younger to the 84th; J. Dennis to the 89th; R. Spencer to the 7th; H. Turner to the 4th; R. Cotter to the 19th; H. Kempe to the 12th; K. Atkinson to the 26th; L. King Harman to the 74th; and L. Darling to the 79th.

Second-Lieutenant Kene, 6th Battery, R.F.A., Glasgow, is posted to the 76th Battery, Bangalore.

Major Barnes, 17th Lancers, is appointed Assistant Military Secretary to General Rundle the Commander-in-Chief at Malta.

Approval has been given to the resignation of his commission by Captain T. Gibson, 6th Dragoons.

IN connection with the German Emperor's visit to Malta in May last, the conferring of the following Orders is announced from Berlin by Reuter's correspondent:—The Red Eagle of the Second Class on Major-General Hamilton, the Crown Order of the Second Class with Star on Colonel Biancardi, and the Crown Order of the Second Class on Captain Tancred, R.N.

A YOUNG farmer named Richard Alexander Maltby, of Bleasby, Notts, has had his bankruptcy annulled at the Nottingham Bankruptcy Court. It was stated that Maltby failed in 1905, but under the will of an uncle he had inherited a fortune. The first thing he did when he received his money was to pay off his debts, amounting to £300, with interest added. Only one shilling in the £ had previously been paid as first and final dividend.

THE EFFECT OF BOYCOTT.

QUESTION IN THE COMMONS.

The Anglo-Indian Defence Association's Complaint.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 14.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Rees asked whether the European and Anglo-Indian Defence Association had complained to the Bengal Government of the effect of the Boycott movement; whether warehouses in Calcutta were crowded with fabrics from England owing to the boycott; and whether the Bengal Government was taking action to provide for fair trade.

The Master of Elibank replied: "A letter from the Association appeared in the newspapers in August. I have no official information with regard to the second part of the question. I do not doubt that the Lieutenant-Governor is alive to the necessity of dealing with any methods of violence or intimidation involved in the movement."

THE FIGHT FOR THE POLE.

Commander Peary's Attitude.

THE ONLY MAN AT THE POLE.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 14.

Commander Peary, interviewed at Battle Harbour, said: "I am the only man who has ever reached the Pole and I am prepared to prove it. I decline to discuss the details. These will come out later. It is stated that Dr. Cook has not reached the Pole. I have concrete proof in support of that statement. I intend to wait for Dr. Cook to issue his statement and I will then make public information on which scientific bodies can pass judgment."

CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE CONGRESS.

Need for Greater Combination.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 14.

Reuter wires from Sydney that Lord Dudley has opened the Congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire.

After adopting a loyal address, congratulating King Edward on the success of his efforts for the preservation of peace which was so essential to the growth of commerce, Lord Dudley, in welcoming the delegates, referred to the struggle between the nations of the world owing to the necessity for acquiring increasing outlets for trade.

Great Britain still led even her most vigorous rivals, but the gap was lessening yearly. His Lordship urged the necessity for an improved organisation in commercial and other affairs, and of the substitution of combined force for individual effort.

THE MOROCCAN ATROCITIES.

Explanation of the Sultan.

DRASTIC MEASURES NECESSARY.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 14.

An interesting interview has taken place at Fez, the Consuls formally presenting the protest against the cruelties to prisoners to the Sultan.

The latter replied that he was actuated by mercy, mutilation being preferable to death. Moreover, the Moroccans were not really civilised and he was obliged to use methods usual in Europe. However, he hoped that under circumstances would not arise again as he was not desirous of repeating the punish-

[illegible]OTHER FLYING RECORD.

M. Santos Dumont's Generosity.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

M. Santos Dumont, with an aeroplane of the smallest and cheapest kind in existence, made a cross-country flight at St. Cyr yesterday, covering five miles in five minutes. This constitutes a speed record.

In order to encourage aviation, M. Santos Dumont will make a present of his patents to the public.

THE HOUSING AND TOWN PLANNING BILL.

Second Reading in the Lords.

AMENDMENTS FORESHADOWED.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

The House of Lords has passed the second reading of the Housing and Town Planning Bill without a division, but speakers emphasised that it had been passed through the House of Commons without adequate discussion.

Lord Onslow hinted that numerous amendments would be made in the Committee stage.

GERMAN MANŒUVRES.

Useful Work by Airships.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

In spite of a deluge of rain the military airship at the German manœuvres re-ascended yesterday and secured valuable information.

THE DEATH DUTIES.

Liability of Gifts.

MARRIAGE SETTLEMENTS EXEMPTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

In the discussion of the death duties clause making gifts within five years of death liable to duty, Mr. Lloyd-George agreed to make the limit three years, and to exempt marriage settlements.

LORD ROSEBERY'S SPEECH.

Huge Sale for Reports.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

A million and a quarter verbatim reprints of Lord Rosebery's speech at Glasgow have already been sold.

The Liberal League will consider Lord Rosebery's resignation on Monday. His Lordship will attend. It is reported that if the League is not dissolved, Sir Edward Grey will be asked to succeed Lord Rosebery as President.

THE AMERICAN BANKING SYSTEM.

Mr. Taft's Proposal for Reform.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

President Taft, addressing the Chamber of Commerce at Boston, urged the necessity for the adoption of a satisfactory monetary and banking system before the end of the present administration.

STEAMER AGROUND AT SUEZ.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

Lloyd's Agent at Port Said telegraphs that the German steamer "Sambia" from Shanghai went aground when entering Suez, where she remains a mile north of New Port rock on a sandy bottom.

ANTI-OPIUM CAMPAIGN IN CHINA.

Canton Viceroy's Action.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

A telegram from Hongkong states that the new Canton Viceroy has instituted a vigorous anti-opium campaign. He is personally visiting the Yamans to discover and dismiss opium smoking officials.

THE ZEPPELIN AERIAL TRIPS.

Prince and Princess on Board.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

The airship "Zeppelin III" left Frankfurt to-day for Mannheim. The passengers included the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Prince and Princess August Wilhelm and Mr. Orville Wright.

RETIREMENT OF LORD SWAYTHLING.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

Lord Swaythling is retiring from active work in his firm owing to advanced age.

THE BISHOP OF HYDERABAD.

Audience of the Pope.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

The Pope yesterday received the Bishop of Hyderabad in private audience.

LORD TWEEDMOUTH'S HEALTH.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

Lord Tweedmouth, who has long been ill, is sinking.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

The death is announced of Sir Ralph Moor.

BANK OF BURMA CASE.

Adjournment Granted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 15.

At the Town Police Court, before Mr. J. R Coombes, the case against F. L. V. Joyce, late Manager of the local branch of the Bank of Burma, Limited, and C. Paramasiva Moodeliar, its cashier, was called in for hearing to-day. Both the accused were present in Court with their respective sureties. Mr. E. F. Greatorex, Solicitor, appeared for Joyce.

His Worship intimated to accused that the Commissioner of Police had asked for an adjournment till the 15th October. Mr. Greatorex opposed the granting of such a long adjournment and wanted the know if the prosecution was to be a private one or the State was going to undertake it. His Worship replied that the matter was still under investigation and it was unlikely that anything had been decided. He would, however, ask the complainant what he had to say.

Questioned by C. Adiseshiah, complainant said that P. Subramanyam and Sreeramalu Sastri were his Vakils. As directed by the Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Bhavanandam Pillay, of the Criminal Intelligence Department, was investigating the case. There were certain records wanted by the Police, They had been applied for to the Head Office at Rangoon. Pending receipt of the records the Police would not be able to send in their report.

His Worship, after some consideration, adjourned the case to the 27th instant, accused being allowed the same bail as before.

THE KASHMIR FLOODS.

Record Downpour.

SERIOUS STATE OF SRINAGAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPTEMBER. 15.

A Srinagar correspondent, writing on the 10th of September, says how Srinagar has so far escaped the most sensational inundation on record during the last twenty years is a mystery. It is well known that three days of incessant rain will, on account of the enormous drainage from the hills, send the Jhelum over its banks and flood the valley. On the other hand it very seldom rains for longer than three days on end or as long. In the present instance rain began to fall on the 1st of September and it has continued to pour steadily with insignificant breaks until to-day, and as I write it is still raining hard. The river had already overflowed its banks on the 3rd instant, the water being kept out of Srinagar artificially by means of the bund. The rest of the country was awash. You can imagine the vast volume of water now rushing headlong on to Baramulla from the fact that the rainfall required for such a flood as that of 1905 has been more than trebled. Matters are now assuming a distinctly serious aspect. The crops, the most important ones of the year, i.e., rice and Indian corn, the staple food of the country, have for the most part been completely washed away. Live stock such as sheep, fowls, etc., have either been drowned or driven so far away for safety up the hillside that they are quite out of question for present needs. Srinagar is, therefore, drawing on itself for supplies and considering the teeming population which it has to feed, these supplies are getting rapidly smaller. Communication with the interior is very difficult and the main artery of supply from India, namely, the Jhelum Valley State Road is already breached in several places and quite closed for heavy traffic. It is with the greatest difficulty and solely due to the devotion of Messrs. Dhanjiboy and Co.'s tonga drivers that postal communication with India still maintains a semblance of regularity. Going out of doors is both unpleasant and dangerous, so that visitors are mostly imprisoned in their boats on the Jhelum or in their leaking huts in Gulmarg. Owing to the slippery state of the bund and the constant change in the level of the water, leaving one's boat is an operation of considerable peril. Ten days ago we descended into our boats by board at an angle of 45 degrees, now the inclination is the other way. Luckily, our daily supplies of bread, milk, fruit, etc., have been coming in regularly so far, and it is to be hoped that this will continue so long as the bund holds out but every extra day of rain undermines this important bulwark and renders it more precarious and there is already a certain amount of anxiety about it.

Still after all, trying as all this is to visitors, it is a mere trifle compared to the condition of the poorer part of the native population. Their supply of the common necessities of life, such as rice and firewood, is getting more and more scanty every hour; prices are rising by leaps and bounds and there is little probability of this distress being temporary. Even the most optimistic must see that with the crops destroyed there must be famine. Already the price of rice consumed locally has gone up from 20 seers per rupee to 10 seers only for a rupee. This unfortunately, I know from personal experience, and it seems to be ample justification of a gloomy forecast.

Telegraphing on the 14th, the correspondent adds that the floods, after reaching a maximum height of twenty-two feet and causing the greatest anxiety, have subsided to less than eighteen feet. The gates are opened and the water is flowing through, but is still higher than the usual flow. The bund broke in several places on the night of the 11th and 12th. The water is still high but is subsiding quickly and the cause for anxiety is probably over. The Dhal lake is very full and the reservoir waterworks have burst filling the lake. The small rivers feeding the Dhal are also in flood and causing very high water. The weather was fine yesterday. A wind storm this afternoon was of a terrific force and several trees, large and small, were blown down or uprooted.

HALLEY'S COMET.

A Very Faint Object.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 15.

Halley's comet, of which the re-discovery was announced yesterday, is famous in the history of astronomy as the first comet, whose return was predicted. It takes its name from the famous Astronomer Royal. At present it is a very faint object beyond the reach of all, except the very largest telescopes, and its re-discovery was made by photography. The appearance of the comet at its several returns has varied largely, and it would not be safe to predict what it will look like, but unless it has changed very much during its last long absence, it will be a remarkable object. It will be best situated for observation in the southern hemisphere and should be well seen in Madras.

A committee of American astronomers is making arrangement with the leading observatories of the world to keep the comet under practically continuous observation when it is near the sun. This should lead to most valuable results. The Kodaikanal Observatory will take part in this work. To give some idea of the immense path, over which the comet travels it may be mentioned that at its nearest approach to the sun it is only 56,000,000 of miles distant, while at its farthest it is 3,426,000,000 miles away.

IRRIGATION IN GWALIOR.

Great Storage Scheme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD SEPTEMBER 15.

A large storage scheme in connection with irrigation in the Gwalior State is to be taken in hand almost at once. A feature of the scheme is the building of a great dam some 6,000 feet long by 90 feet in height (exclusive of foundation) this work will be carried out by Messrs. Abbott Brothers of Jhansi.

THE Italian dirigible No. 1 "Vis" recently performed the remarkable feat of reaching a height of 2,000 feet, which is a record for dirigibles. She remained in the air, near Bracciano, for about an hour.

THE Duke of Norfolk has thrown open Arundel Park to the public at a small charge for admission, for the purpose of raising funds for the endowment of beds in Sussex hospitals. The honorary treasurer of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund has received from the Duke of Bedford, vice-president, a further donation of £1,000, which he has given to meet the overdraft at the bank, and thus save the fund from drawing on its capital.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

INDIAN TOURISTS. THE tourists who go to India with the object of publishing their impressions may be roughly divided into two classes. One class accept the guidance and hospitality of Anglo-Indian friends and officials; the other class, a much smaller one, applies itself exclusively for information to the Indian source. It is impossible to expect those whose ambition prompts them to enlighten the world about the political and economic condition of India to write anything at first hand after a cursory glance at the country. They receive all their ideas and knowledge from the mentors, whom they choose to follow. Mr. Keir Hardie's prepossessions drove him into the arms of Indians for light and guidance during his two months' jaunt through India, which made such a noise and stir in its day, out of all proportion to its importance. He came with the object of collecting grievances, and within the short period of his stay in our midst, he was able to gather a rich harvest.

MR. KEIR HARDIE'S BOOK. IN the volume of impressions, which Mr. Keir Hardie has given to the world, he is dogmatic and cock-sure about everything. He is not troubled with the restraints of a well-balanced judgment, nor with the suspense and caution of a modest ignorance. All his opinions are definite and pronounced, clean-cut, keen-edged and precise. Suppose a man, who knew nothing about India, were to read the book, what will he learn from it? He will be distressed to find that India is exploited solely for the benefit of the alien, that her people are kept down under the iron heel of the conqueror, and her peasantry is despoiled of "the last penny that can be wrung from them." He is assured that everywhere "the people find themselves in the grip of a set of circumstances, which they do not understand, and which they can not break through." They say the peasantry is unprogressive and thriftless. How can the wretched ryot help that? "Strive as he may, he realizes that in the end the Sircar's Kist will swallow up everything." Poor Indians! There is no way of getting out of the clutches of a cruel and rapacious Government. The bureaucracy is lifeless, soulless, impersonal and selfish. To the bureauerat, "the people of India are but so many seeds in an oil-mill to be crushed for the oil they yield." The Government may make sundry excuses for the prevalence of plague and famine, but he, Mr. Keir Hardie, knows better. He knows that cloudless skies have as little to do with famine, as your rats and fleas with plague. A plague upon your science and all its theories! They are misleading, in that they do not go to the source of the evil, nor fix the responsibility on the right shoulders. Mr. Keir Hardie asserts with his wonted confidence that the cause of India's sufferings, from these dire visitations is the growing poverty of the people. He is convinced that everything Indian, past and present, was much better than what we find under the British rule. To say that the condition of the people was worse in pre-British days, is an invention of the enemy. The direct contrary is the fact, and he divines that if things were permitted to go on in this fashion, a cataclysm is inevitable. The good old rulers received the land revenue in kind, giving adequate relief, when the crops failed. But the hard-hearted alien receives it in coin, and be the years fat or lean, he will have his pound of flesh. "This is a revolutionary change," says this friend of the people about the payment in money, "and one which I believe is playing havoc with the people." The Native States are also better administered than British India. Some of them are models of kindly, progressive, liberal rule. He is charmed with his visit to Baroda and Mysore. If only the British were to follow their example! Mr. Keir Hardie is again, pronounced and positive on the question of sedition in India. He went north and south, and east and west, but could discern no trace of it. There is, indeed, a good deal of well-grounded discontent; but "the people, if anything, are too loyal;" and as for the much-maligned Hindus, "if they have one fault greater than another, it is their submissive loyalty." Such is the impression which the unsophisticated reader will derive from this wonderful book. He will conclude that it is a tale of woe for the Indians, and of shame for their rulers. If the writer's ignorance had been less presumptuous, his book might have been better. If a merciful Providence were to place the destinies of India in his hands, he knows how to make it healthy, happy and prosperous. He affirms that "a very little statesmanship, inspired by a very little sympathetic appreciation of the situation, could easily set things to rights." It is then all moonshine to talk of the extreme difficulty and complexity of the Indian problem of problems. Lord Morley need not cudgel his brains about it. Mr. Keir-Hardie can furnish him with simples from his wallet, which are warranted to effect a magic cure.

MILITARY CHARGES. AS AN Indian, I am inclined, after all, to be grateful to Mr. Keir-Hardie for his over-flowing sympathy, although it is often ill-regulated and misdirected. Indians do not so often meet with Englishmen, who have a warm and genuine feeling towards them, as to despise it in him. Again, with some of his pronouncements, there will be a ready agreement on the part of my countrymen. If there is one thing more than another, on which there is a consensus of opinion among us, it is on the burden of military expenditure, vast and ever-growing. During the last eight years, it has increased from a little over £14,000,000 to £20,750,000, an addition of six and a half million pounds! When we speak of the excessive burden of the military charges, we are usually answered by the formula—"experto crede." Experts have certainly a thorough and special knowledge of their subject. But they have the defect of their qualities. Being absorbed in their favourite pursuit and having given their life to it, they are apt to attach an exaggerated importance to it, and are unable to take its correct measure, in relation to other cognate objects. Their view of it is, therefore, narrow and partial. The military expert will say, there is nothing like a host of warriors, nothing so indispensable for the security of the country, and, ordinarily, his estimate of the strength required for the purpose, will be much in excess of actual requirements.

THE PRIVATE MEDICAL PRACTITIONER. THE Bombay Medical Union has voted a memorial to the Secretary of State for India for his recent despatch, suggesting measures for improving the position of the independent medical practitioners in this country. The avowed object of the memorialists is to express their thanks for the liberal policy enunciated in the despatch; but they have taken this occasion to go once more into details about the grievances of the class whom they represent, recounting the past history of its struggles, obviously for the benefit of Lord Morley. They are also anxious that the concessions foreshadowed in his despatch may not remain a dead-letter, but that they should be brought into operation before long. This is what they mean, when they urge "that the most ceaseless vigilance and the most unbending firmness will be required in giving effect to the proposed reforms, which will come not a day too soon." There is no reason why all the higher civil appointments should be kept and guarded as a close preserve for the Indian Medical Service. It is now fifty years since Western Medical Science was introduced in India. The bulk of the Indian medical practitioners are content with the mechanical side of their profession. They see their patients, and pocket their fees, and their daily task is done. They have no ideals above their dull routine, no consuming desire for extending their knowledge, and hardly any inclination or capacity for research work. But there are brilliant exceptions, and their number is speadily growing. Given a wider field for the employment of their faculties, there will be a sensible improvement in the efficiency of the private practitioner. It will stimulate his activities, and quicken his interest in medical science. A prospect of employment in the higher grades of the service will be a powerful incentive for self-improvement There are as good men outside the Indian Medical Service as there are within its ranks, and their employment may further be recommended on the ground of economy.

LATENT JEALOUSY. WHILE the Union has been protesting strongly against the wrongs of the private practitioner and the monopoly of the covenanted medical service, it may be observed that the Union among themselves is by no means perfect. There is jealousy among them and discord. It is latent, but it exists. I am far from saying that it exists in the whole fraternity. I should not wrong it by making such an imputation. But it is to be found among not a few individual practitioners. There are Indian doctors who will not have a brother Indian, however eminent, as a consultant. They will always prefer a European doctor in the medical service. The preference is not entirely due to a conscientious belief on his part in the superiority of the European. He considers himself lowered in the estimation of his patients, if he were to call in one of his own colour for consultation. He is of the same class with him, and stands on the same plane, while the European stands apart in a class of his own. In calling him in, he feels no mortifying sense of an invidious distinction. The spirit is not commendable; it is petty and undignified; but it animates the conduct of not a few of the native practitioners.

DION.

TO-DAY'S TRIANGULAR CONTEST.

Prospects of a Keen Struggle.

THE third triangular contest which opens this morning on the maidan bids fair, looking to the composition of the teams selected, to be one of the keenest cricket struggles ever witnessed in Bombay. But before we proceed to discuss to-day's prospects we would revert to the past struggles between the Presidency, the Parsis and Hindus in the contest. On the first occasion, three years ago, the Parsis met the Hindus and having defeated them joined issue with the Presidency. In the final also the Parsis came off with flying colours. The second year the Presidency came off as champions, having first defeated the Parsis and subsequently the Hindus by very substantial margins. The Presidency having won the contest last year, the two vanquished teams, the Parsis and the Hindus, meet this year and the winners of the match commencing to-day will play the Presidency in the final on Tuesday next.

To turn to to-day's prospects. There never were perhaps sides so nicely balanced as these which take the field to-day. The Parsis possess a very formidable couple of bowlers in Bulsara and Warden. But against these the Hindus can pitch two equally good in Balu and Erasha. And if the Hindus can show batsmen of the type of Pai, Date and Mehta. the Parsis can put forward equally brilliant bats in Meherhomji, Chothia and Dinshaw. The Parsis have undoubtedly been handicapped through the absence of Mistry of Patiala, Dr. H. D. Kanga and A. H. Mehta. The Hindus have been equally unfortunate in not being able to get His Highness the Jam Saheb to skipper the side and in losing the services of P. K. Telang and Mehendale. The Hindus have, however, been re-inforced by the presence this year of two really good players in Prince Shivajirao of Baroda and Sampre of Karachi. The Parsis can lay claim to a slight superiority in attacking powers over their opponents; on the other hand, the Hindus possess a stronger defence than the Parsis. The strength of the Hindu batting may be judged from the fact that they have thought themselves strong enough to do without the services of Saraf of Ahmednagar, who only the other day knocked up a half century against the Bombay Gymkhana in fine style. The struggle which commences this morning at 11-30 promises, as said above, to be a keen one. The following are the rival teams:—

PARSIS.	HINDUS.
Dr. M. E. Pavri, (Capt.)	Mr. C. V. Mehta, (Capt.)
Mr. M. Bulsara	Mr. P. Balu
Mr. J. S. Warden	Mr. P. Erasha
Mr. K. B. Mistry	Mr. W. Talpade
Mr. R. P. Meherhomji	Mr. M. Pai
Mr. S. M. Chothia	Mr. K. A. Date
Mr. A. F. Mulla	Mr. L. H. Sampet
Mr. N. M. Dinshaw	Prince Shivajirao
Mr. D. K. Kapadia	Mr. Shivram
Mr. D. D. Driver	Mr. S. M. Joshi
Mr. J. Dubash	Mr. K. Sesachari
Reserves: Messrs. Masani and Watcha	Reserves: Messrs. Divekar and Agasker

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

To-day begins the first of those matches which have roused so much enthusiasm among the cricketers of Western India. The institution of these matches has given a great impetus to that royal game of cricket in Western India as can be seen from the increasing number of non-local aspirants for the honour of being included in the representative elevens.

The Hindu and the Parsi teams are already selected, and now it will not be out of place to make a few remarks about the contending elevens.

Taking the Hindu eleven first it can be said that though a slightly stronger combination on paper, they have three things to handicap them, viz., nervousness, over anxiety and above all bad fielding. In bowling—with Baloo not in his old form—they cannot point to a bowler of Warden's calibre, but there is a good deal of variety, the team including no less than seven bowlers and Prince Shivajirao, though rather erratic, has often bowled successfully in college matches and can be called an eighth. Mehta, Pai and Date are the batsmen of the team but all except Erasha and Sheasachari can be relied upon to score. Unfortunately for the Hindus, Shesachari is not so sharp behind the wickets as of old. On the whole the Hindu Selection Committee have shown good judgment except for one marked omission. The non-inclusion of Saraf in the team, especially after his recent performance against the Bombay Gymkhana, is a matter of regret. Perhaps he is omitted to make place for Shivajirao, whose forcing tactics as a batsman last Sunday made a good impression.

Now turning to the Parsi team one is glad to see the veteran Dr. Pavri once more at the head. The team has undergone many changes after the Poona disaster, and is decidedly stronger. The bowling is safe in the hands of Warden, by far the best bowler in Bombay this season, and the demon bowler Bulsara, and there are Dubash and Mistri to help them. The Parsi bowling, though not so varied, is superior to the Hindu bowling. Among the batsmen Meherhomji and Mulla can be relied upon to score and it may be hoped that others will help them. About Parsi fielding there is no question, it is bound to be sharp, especially after the last Poona experience. One may rather wonder to see Daruvala not included, but perhaps the stonewalling tactics are not in favour nowadays as they are not pleasant to watch!

THE WORK AT KASAULI.

ON the 11th instant the Pasteur and Research Institutes at Kasauli were visited by the Viceroy and Lady Minto, as they had also been, in the previous month, by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

In reply to Colonel Lukis, the President of the Central Committee of the Pasteur Institute, Lord Minto spoke in the highest terms of Colonel Semple's services. We wrote recently of what Colonel Semple has done in the establishment of the Pasteur Institute, and we said that expansion of the work had led to the formation of a separate Institute of Research under that officer. In this Institute classes from the Medical Services obtain instruction in that modern medicine which assists Nature to throw off disease by aid of the causal germ itself. There are shown our enemies in their various forms, and the means which our organisms possess to resist them, if scientifically aided no longer with drugs, on the method of trial and error, but by observation and experiment under the microscope and with resources drawn from itself is each assailant combated. Acne and boils, no less than rabies or typhoid, can be subdued by their own poisons.

Economy characterises, as much as efficiency, this great work at Kasauli, which, as Lord Minto there said, owes everything to Colonel Semple. It was arduous for their Excellencies to motor one hundred miles, from Simla to Kasauli and back, to inspect that work. They started early in the morning and returned the same evening. But they saw what was well worth seeing, and they bestowed honour where honour was due.

CHARGE AGAINST AN AUTHOR.

The Accused's Whereabouts.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, in the case in which Mr. Arthur Crawford charged Henry Bruce with defamation in a book entitled "The Native Wife or Indian Love and Anarchism," Mr. Kanga of Messrs. Kanga and Patell, Solicitors, renewed his application for a warrant against the author and for leave to add a charge of insult to that of defamation.

Mr. Kanga said that half an hour ago he received a telegram, which showed the whereabouts of the accused, and he was told that the accused's mother had been writing letters to him by every mail. He believed the man was at the place mentioned in the telegram, and he had got evidence to prove his identity. The only question then would be that of a warrant. He renewed his application for a warrant and for leave to add the charge of gross insult under Section 504 of the Indian Penal Code. Under the charge of defamation the man could not be brought to Bombay, unless the offence was punishable with at least one year's rigorous imprisonment. Under Section 500 he could not be brought down to Bombay. When they filed the information they based their case on a paragraph, to which they referred in the information. Since then they had come across another paragraph which was a grossly insulting one. Mr. Crawford had not read the book through and therefore could not say if there was any such other passage besides these.

His Worship said that Mr. Kanga might amend the information by inserting the additional paragraph.

Mr. Crawford said that he wished to add it to the former charge.

His Worship observed that the difficulty as regarded Section 504 was that it referred to insulting acts or words, while this was only a publication of an alleged defamatory matter.

Mr. Kanga submitted that the matter came within the Section. Here were words which would assuredly excite anybody who read them. As he had said on the last occasion, Section 504 included 500.

His Worship then asked Mr. Kanga if there was anything to show that the accused authorised the sale of this book in India.

Mr. Kanga said that the accused had written letters to Messrs. Cambridge and Company, and to Messrs. Taraporewalla and Company, in which he (the accused) had expressed a hope that they would stick to him and sell the book. Besides there was a footnote on the book saying that it was issued for circulation in the Colonies and India only. Mr. Kanga had got another letter written by the accused to a gentleman, and in that extremely offensive letter the accused had said that the Colonial edition was just out of his novel "The Native Wife." Mr. Kanga further said that the words in the novel would excite anybody who read them, and having regard to the temperament of Mr. Crawford, he was not sure that Mr. Crawford, though crippled and aged, would not commit an assault on the man if he came across him.

Mr. Crawford: If the culprit comes within the reach of this stick, he will never do this again.

Mr. Kanga said that there were many people in Bombay who would be very glad if the man were brought here. He had insulted a very large class in the city. Mr. Kanga further said that Mr. Crawford had stated that he believed the man belonged to the American Marathi Mission; but to do justice to the American Mission, they would say that they had since learnt that the man had absolutely nothing to do with the Mission. The man's father was an honoured and respected Missionary belonging to the American Marathi Mission, but the accused had no connection with it. The words used by the accused in the book were not only defamatory but highly insulting, and, Mr. Kanga further submitted, it was not necessary that the offence should have been committed by words only.

His Worship asked if Mr. Kanga contended that intentional insult could be proved against the accused.

Mr. Kanga submitted that intention could be inferred from the language used.

The Magistrate asked if Mr. Kanga contended that the writer of the book intended when he published the book, that it should be read by Mr. Crawford, and that thereby insult might be conveyed to him.

Mr. Kanga said that the accused deliberately wrote the book with a view to libel several persons including Mr. Crawford.

The Magistrate said that he was not prepared to issue process under Section 504, as process had already been issued under Section 500. But if Mr. Kanga wished, he (His Worship) would refer the point to the High Court.

Mr. Vinayak Kashinath Koshe, a teacher in the American Mission High School, was then examined by Mr. Kanga. He said he owned some property at Satara. He knew the late Rev. Henry J. Bruce. He had seen his son twice at Satara within the past five years, probably in 1907. Mr. Bruce came to see a pleader named Mr. Adhav, whose guest the witness was. Witness further said Mr. Bruce was a short man, wore spectacles and was bald. He was between 30 and 40 years of age and was clean-shaved.

Mr. Crawford said that on the last occasion he had stated that he had written to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, requesting that, as the defamation and insult concerned a large number of people in the Presidency, the Public Prosecutor might be instructed to take up the case. He had received a courteous reply from the Private Secretary, stating that the matter had been referred for consideration. He had again telegraphed and was awaiting a reply. In the meantime several wealthy gentlemen, including several Maharajas, had expressed their willingness to contribute to the heavy expense of conducting the case.

Mr. Crawford further said that he wished to go into the witness box and make a statement, which he ventured to say would have a very important bearing on this case and the history of his life.

His Worship asked Mr. Crawford if the statement which he wished to make was with reference to this case.

Mr. Crawford said the case hinged upon it. He then went into the witness box and said that everybody reading this libel would naturally ask whether the libel was not justified by the simple fact that he was dimissed from the service or in the elegant language of the culprit, kicked out of it. People would ask if that was not the case, why he was kicked out.

His Worship asked if it was necessary to anticipate any possible line the other side might take. The publication of these passages was "prima facie" defamatory and on that ground process was issued. Was it necessary for Mr. Crawford's case to make he statement which he was going to make?

Mr. Crawford said that it was of the utmost importance to him that these facts should be publicly known, because he had come out with the special sanction of Lord Morley to carry on his case against the Secretary of State with regard to his dismissal from the service. If His Worship would permit him to make his statement, it would help to a rapid conclusion of the matter, which had been now running for 21 years. It would make him happy beyond the dream of his dreams, besides restoring his honour to him.

His Worship said he thought the proper procedure would be to add the statement to the information.

Mr. Crawford said that he was very thankful to His Worship.

His Worship said he wished to ask a question or two with regard to the application for adding Section 504.

His Worship: Have you ever met Henry Bruce?

Mr. Crawford: No. I met his father, who was a most estimable gentleman.

His Worship: Had you ever had any correspondence or intercourse with the accused?

Mr. Crawford: None whatever.

His Worship: Have you any reason to think or any evidence to show that he knew that you were alive?

Mr. Crawford: I am certain that he thought that I was dead. I am not a sort of man who can be attacked in that manner if I am alive.

His Worship then asked Mr. Crawford if he thought the accused deliberately insulted him personally.

Mr. Crawford replied in the negative and added that he had always been a most intimate friend of the Missions, although he was a Catholic.

His Worship asked Mr. Kanga to consider the point he had put. His Worship further said that he did not think the intention of the accused was deliberately to insult Mr Crawford personally, and he was not prepared to issue process against the accused under Section 504.

The matter was adjourned to the 24th instant at 11-30 a. m.

ANOTHER CHARGE OF DEFAMATION.

IN the afternoon, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Arthur Crawford presented an information before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate charging the Manager of Messrs. Thacker and Company, booksellers, with insult and defamation, under Sections 499, 500 and 504 of I. P. C.

The information stated that Mr. Crawford visited Thacker and Company's shop recently, in company with Mr. Morgan, managing clerk to Messrs. Kanga and Patell, solicitors, to ascertain whether the Company had received copies of Henry Bruce's novel, entitled "The Native Wife," which Mr. Aston, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, had on that day ordered to be deposited in his Court, on his sworn complaint that it was grossly defamatory of himself. The Manager, whose name Mr. Crawford did not know but whom he could identify, received them with great insolence and said that he would not tolerate his clerks being worried by the inquiries the Police of the Criminal Investigation Department were making, that Thacker and Company had certainly received advice from John Long and Limited, the publisher of the novel, but had ordered none; and that he had only just written to the Chief Presidency Magistrate to that effect. Mr. Crawford and Mr. Morgan told him that they were not aware of this fact. The Manager, however, still continued to protest against what he was pleased to call unwarranted worrying of himself and his subordinates. Thereupon, Mr. Crawford mildly remonstrated, saying "My good Sir, you are surely most unreasonable in your ravings. How could we divine or ascertain if you had the novel without asking you?" The Manager, however, became excited and said eventually: "Pooh, who cares for Arthur Crawford nowadays?" or words to that effect. Mr. Crawford replied: "Well, Sir, a good many people do seem to care any way." "Oh," quoth the Manager, "nobody in Bombay cares what you say nor believes what you say, even on oath." It was well known that in the middle of April 1889 Mr. Crawford left Bombay under a cloud leaving large debts unpaid. From that time till December, 1907, he was continuously in a dangerous state of health, often moribund. In December the medical experts of Madeira and Lisbon strongly advised him to return to India as a last chance. Accordingly he obtained the special sanction of Lord Morley to return not merely for his health but to write and lecture on the unrest in India and above all to obtain material for the revival of his suit viz., Crawford vs. the Secretary of State. That his creditors should be disabused of the idea that he intended to defraud them, he published an advertisement in the three Anglo-Indian dailies the day he landed, inviting his creditors to send in their claims at once. Only three English creditors did so, viz., Thacker and Company, Treacher and Company, and Dunnett and Company. They all demanded payment in full with compond interest at nine per cent. per annum for 21 years. All the others, namely, Marwaris and shop-keepers, not only refused to send in claims, but said or wrote that they had burnt their books twenty years ago and had long ago resolved that they would never sue Mr. Arthur Crawford, who had done so much for them and for the people of the Bombay Presidency. Thacker and Company's claim was for only Rs. 80, or thereabouts. Mr. Crawford purchased stationery and books from them on arrival to the value of about Rs. 51 more. Becoming dangerously ill in the following February he went to Matheran. Thacker and Co., thereupon, wrote to him an insolent letter demanding immediate payment of the new account, and of the old account also with compound interest of twenty-one years, and threatening immediate suit in the Small Causes Court. As Mr. Crawford was too ill to attend to business, his daughter answered to the Manager, saying how ill he was and that she would pay the new debt of Rs. 51 in a few weeks by instalments. The Manager replied to the following effect: "Your father is a thief. His advertisement was only a blind to obtain fresh credit." A kind friend gave her money to settle the new bill. Mr. Crawford prayed for a summons on the Manager under Section 504 of the Indian Penal Code for using language and writing a letter calculated to endanger the King's peace and to provoke Mr. Crawford to commit a breach of the same, and also under Sections 499 and 500 for criminal defamation.

The Magistrate suggested that the case be divided into two parts. He admitted that part of the information which related to the charge of insult and issued process. The other part will be presented to-day.

MUSSOORIE MURDER CASE.

Charge Against Corporal Allen.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, SEPTEMBER 15.

In the Mussoorie murder case, Corporal Allen, Middlesex Regiment, was placed before Mr. Lomas, I.C.S., Magistrate of Mussoorie, on Monday, and charged with the robbery and the murder of Mr. Clapp. Mr. C. Ross Alston appeared for the Crown and Mr. Dalliwall for the accused.

Counsel for the Crown, in opening the case, stated that in order that the accused should know the charges he had to meet, he would state briefly the facts which he was prepared to prove. The prisoner had slept at Clapp's room on the night of the murder. It was admitted that he intended to leave Mussoorie on the evening of the 31st August. He sent his luggage, and said goodbye to his friends, stating that he intended leaving by the mail from Dehra. There was evidence that he went to the deceased's room at 7 p. m. and no one saw him leave. The case for the prosecution was that the prisoner slept in the deceased's room and during the night attempted to rob the deceased who probably awoke. The murder, which followed, was probably perpetrated with the object of getting rid of a witness. About 8 a.m the next morning, the prisoner arrived at the hotel at Rajpore, saying that he had spent the night in Mussoorie, and had started down the hill in the morning. After staying at some house at Rajpore he left for Dehra, paying his bill at Rajpore with a fifty-rupee note, which note had been paid over to the deceased about fifteen days before by the Delhi Bank, where he had cashed a cheque for his salary. When arrested the prisoner had on him sixteen sovereigns and some small notes. It would be proved that the deceased had received seventeen sovereigns from the bank some time previously, in addition to some notes of Rs. 100 each. Prisoner left Mussoorie owing sixty rupees for board. He stated that he had no money, but would send on some money from Benares. At Dehra he spent some hours at the rest camp, stating that he had come down the night before and slept at Rajpore. Some marks, believed to be washed blood-stains, were found on a pair of trousers, and a collar and a shirt cuff had been sent to the Chemical Analyser, whose report was awaited. The prosecution argued that if the Court believed the fifty-rupee note was stolen from the deceased by the prisoner, it would be difficult not to believe also that the prisoner was the murderer.

Witnesses were examined and the case was adjourned.

LATER.

The enquiry into the murder of Clapp was resumed at Mussoorie on Tuesday before Mr. Lomas.

Mrs. Humphries from the Rajpore

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

Closed Meeting—First Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 15.

The closed meetings are generally considered dangerous investments by the general public and to-day there was only ordinary attendance on the course, Bombay sending out only one race special, while all the big Hindu and Mahomedan owners and punters were conspicuous by their absence. Amongst those present were their Highnesses the Maharajas of Baroda, Jodhpur and Idar. Seven races were booked for the day and events filled well for such a meeting and met with varying results, the books appropriating goodly share of the spoils. There were some good finishes and Mr. Miles rode two winners in Ugly and White Heather, while Nagashi, saddled twice, won on both occasions—in the first, ridden by Southall, then by Captain Tomkinson. Major Tudor and Captain Meynell and Mr. Wilson rode a winner apiece, the former also placing in four other races, but in one on Rufus, the last race, disastrously for the public, while the second named also disappointed on Mademoiselle Genee. Although there was a sharp shower towards 2-30 p.m. the weather kept clear and cool the rest of the afternoon.

The fouth day of the first meeting of the Poona Races comes off on Saturday the 18th instant.

Details:—

THE HURDLE PLATE.—R C and distance over seven flights.

Mr Nicholson's Ugly 10st. 2lbs.....Mr. Miles 1
Mr. Vincent Cliford's Sentiment 9st. 9lbs (car. 10st. 5lbs).....Hayhoe 2
Mr. Knowles Jackson's Nell-Gwynne 10st. Capt. Maynell 3

BETTING.—Evens Nell-Gwynne; 6 to 4 against Ugly, and 4 to 1 Sentiment.

THE RACE.—They raced level to the fourth jump where Ugly held a slight lead from Nell-Gwynne and Sentiment. At the bend Sentiment took second place, while Ugly racing in front all the while won easily by two lengths; five lengths between second and third. Time—3mins. 15 1-5secs.

Winner trained by Penton.

Totalizator paid Rs. 31-8 on the winner.

THE ARAB POLO PONY PLATE.—Three furlongs.

Capt G Lucas's Nazzar 10st 7lbs.....Mr Wilson 1
Mr Rubes' St Gatien 10st 7lbs...Capt Tomkinson 2
Capt Hodgson's Gannet 10st 7lbs...Major Tudor 3
Capt Badger's Highborn 10st 7lbs...Capt Meynell 4

ALSO RAN.—Kagal 10st 7lbs; Sinbad 10st 7lbs Freebooter 10st 7lbs; Uncas 10st 7lbs, and Shamshad 10st 7lbs.

BETTING.—3 to 1 against Sinbad and Freebooter; 4 to 1 St. Gatien; 5 to 1 Highborn, and longer odds the others.

THE RACE.—From the start Sinbad led Highborn, St. Gatien and Gannet and nearing the bend Nazzar drew to the front. Up the straight there was a good race, Nazzar winning by three-quarters of a length; half a length between next two. Time—41secs.

Winner trained by owner.

Totalizator paid Rs. 66 on the winner and Rs. 20-8, Rs. 22 8 and Rs 20-8 for places.

THE LINGFIELD PLATE.—Six furlongs.

Capt. Meynell's Arabistan 10st 13lbs.....Owner 1
Capt Popham's Hemyock 9st. 12st...Major Tudor 2
Mr. Rubes' Nettle 11st 2lbs.....Capt Tomkinson 3
Major Prideaux's No Trumps 11st 11lb.....Capt Anderson 4

ALSO RAN.—Sher 10st 7lbs, Khurdie 10st 4lbs Young Lomond 10st 4lbs, and Game Cock 9st 13lbs.

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Nettle; 4 to 1 Arabistan; 5 to 1 No Trumps; 6 to 1 Sher and Young Lomond; 7 to 1 Hemyock, and tens the others.

THE RACE.—Sher led out followed by No Trumps and Hemyock, and at the half mile the latter two changed places. At the bend the leader fell away and Arabistan, Young Lomond and the favourite joined the front pair. In an exciting race Arabistan beat Hemyock by a head; half a length between next two. Time.—1min, 27 2-5secs.

Winner trained by Bleach.

Totalizator paid Rs. 38 on the winner and Rs. 13-8, Rs. 24-8 and Rs. 13 for places.

THE BEGINNER'S PLATE—half a mile.

Mr Rubes's Nagashi, 9st 6lbs (car. 10st 2lbs) Southal 1
Captain Hodgson's Golden Wren, 10st 13lbs .....Major Tudor 2
Mr Symon's Diamond Jubilee, 10st 16lbs .....Major Tudor 3
Major Jameson's Raffles 9st 2lbs .....Owner 4

ALSO RAN.—Sheik Farid 10st 10lbs; Peevit 9st 14lbs; Heron 9st 11lbs, and Kagal 9st 5lbs.

BETTING.—5 to 4 on Nagashi; 4 to 1 against Raffles; 5 to 1 Peewit; 6 to 1 Golden Wren, and tens the others.

THE RACE.—Raffles gave trouble at the post and when released, Diamond Jubilee led out followed by Golden Wren, Nagashi and Sheik Farid and past the bend the favourite assumed a lead and won easily by one and a half lengths, while a head separated Golden Wren and Diamond Jubilee. Time.—55 3-5 secs.

Winner trained privately.

Totalizator paid Rs. 28 on the winner, and Rs.14, Rs. 21-8 and Rs. 17-8 for places.

THE HURST PARK PLATE.—Six furlongs;

Capt Barrett's Welsh Love 11st 2lbs.....Major Tudor 1
Mr. Miles' Red Shot 10st 6lbs.....Owner 2
Mr. Knowles Jackson's Carmenita 11st 2lbs Owner 3
Major Moore's Robin 10st 8lbs.....Owner 4

ALSO RAN.—Banton III 10st 11lbs and Scamp 10st.

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Carmenita, 5 to 2 Welsh Love, 4 to 1 Banton III, 6 to 1 Red Shot, and Robin, and fifteens Scamp.

THE RACE.—Carmenita and Welsh Love delayed the start for a bit, then when sent away Robin showed the way to Welsh Love and Red Shot and shortly the second named pair changed places. At the bend Carmenita was third to Red Shot and Welsh Love with Robin fourth, but up the straight Welsh Love assuming a lead won easily by two lengths; two lengths between next two. Time.—1min 22secs.

Winner trained by Ali Mahomed.

Totalizator paid Rs. 36 on the winner and Rs 14-8 and Rs. 26-8 for places.

THE KEMPTON PARK PLATE.—Five furlongs.

Mr Miles's White Heather 10st 12lbs.....Owner 1
Mr Five's Steam Whistle 10st 5lbs.....Owner 2
Mr Vincent Clifford's Yvette 10st 6lbs.....Major Moore 3
Capt Houston's Yuba 11st 11lbs.....Major Tudor 4

ALSO RAN.—Lady Lomond 12st 3lbs; Red and White 11st 2lbs; Chassepot 10st 9lbs; Fire Cracker 10st 4lbs; Xertena 10st 3lbs; Miss Betty 10st 3lbs; (car 10st 4lbs) and Mademoiselle Genee 9st 13lbs.

BETTING:—5 to 4 on Mademoiselle Genee, 5 to 1 against Yuba and Yvette; 8 to 1 White Heather, and any price the others.

THE RACE.—Steam Whistle breaking through the tape delayed the start for a while, then when released White Heather cut out work in front of Fire Cracker and Steam Whistle, while the favourite was last. At the bend Yvette and Yuba came up, while Fire Cracker slowed down. White Heather won easily from Steam Whistle by two lengths two and a half lengths between second and third; Time.—1min. 51-5secs.

Winner trained privately.

Totalizator paid Rs. 132 on the winner and Rs. 47, Rs 32 and Rs. 24-8 for places.

THE LITTLE ARAB PLATE.—Five furlongs.

Mr Rubes's Nagashi 9st 11lbs, (car. 10st 4lbs Capt Tomkinson 1
Capt Gourlie's Rufus 10st.....Major Tudor 2
Capt Meynell's Arabistan 10st 12lbs, (car. 11st 1lb) Owner 3

ALSO RAN:—Express 11st 4lbs, and Prince Chestnut, 10st 6lbs.

Betting:—6 to 4 against Rufus; 2 to 1 Nagashi; 4 to 1 Arabistan and Prince Chestnut, and 10 to 1 Express.

THE RACE.—Prince Chestnut led out followed by Rufus and Nagashi and at the bend Nagashi went to the front while Arabistan was coming up. Nagashi won easily from Rufus by one and three quarters of a length; one and a half lengths separated the second and third. Prince Chestnut the [illegible] up. Time.—1min. 11 2-5secs.

[illegible]ner trained privately.

[illegible] Rs. 30 on the winner and [illegible] for places.

MUD SPORTS.

The Bombay Gymkhana Mounted Sports were held on the Marine Lines Maidan yesterday afternoon in fine weather and under most favourable circumstances. The Band of the 116th Mahrattas by the kind permission of Colonel Mead and Officers of the Regiment was present and played a selection of music, lending additional charms to the function which came off very successful. Mr. Meikle, the indefatigable Secretary, is nothing if not original in finding out events for an interesting programme which at once drew a large field and big crowd of spectators. The enclosure was quite filled with ladies and gentlemen and the natives fringed the eastern and northern borders of the Maidan. Of the seven items on the card two were ladies' events, and the competitors contested keenly and zealously.

Next Wednesday being the last day for the Triangular Cricket Match final, the Mud Sports will be held on Thursday afternoon. A programme of seven items of interest has been drawn up by the Honorary Secretary, which includes: (1) Pony Jumping Competition, (2) Half Section Tent Pegging (ponies and horses), (3) Ladies' Nomination Treasure Trove, (4) Lloyd's Lindsay, (5) Pig-sticking, (6) Presidency Cricket Stakes, and (7) Horse Scurry.

The results yesterday were:—

JUMPING (HORSES.)

Mr. L. Greyburn 1
Mr. A. H. Byrt 2

TILTING AT RING AND TENT-PEGGING.

Ladies and Gentlemen to ride together, the former to tilt at the ring while her partner takes the peg.

Captain and Mrs. Nash 1

PONY JUMPING IN HALF SECTIONS.

Mr. Greyburn ..... } 1
Mr. W. White ..... }
Mr. H. G. W. Meikle ..... } 2
Mr. H. P. Wells ..... }

LIVING AUNT SALLY (LADIES' NOMINATION).

In this event the gentlemen rode the usual course to flag where syces were standing. They dismounted, handed horses over to syces and ran to chalk line, don top-hats which were provided, and stood on line "with backs to the ladies." The ladies, who were standing a safe distance off, were provided with tennis balls and they endeavoured to knock off their respective partner's hat. Immediately a gentleman has his hat knocked off he at once remounted and returned over same course. Best time to win. Any movement on the gentleman's part tending to render his partner's task less difficult was visited with disqualification.

Mr. A. S. Westropp ..... } 1
Miss Nicholson ..... }
Captain Nash ..... } 2
Mrs. Nash ..... }
Mrs. H. L. Richmond..... } 3
Mrs. Wallace ..... }

POTATO STAKES.

In this event the gentlemen were required to ride a given course to where lines of potatoes were laid on the ground, pick them up one by one with a hog spear, and drop them in a bucket. First home having all his potatoes into bucket to win.

Mr. A. E. Baird 1
Mr. J. R. Reynolds..... 2

CHATTIE RACE.

In this event the competitors were required to ride a given course to where chatties were placed and pick them up at the end of a polo stick. First home with the chattie on the stick to win.

Mr. Richmond 1
Mr. Reynolds ..... } 2
Mr. Greyburn..... }

HORSE AND PONY SCURRY.

(Distance Handicap.)

Mr. H. L Richardson..... 1
Mr. E G. Pearson 2
Mr. M. Rummel 3

GOLF AT NASIK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, SEPTEMBER 14.

There were 36 entries for the P. W. D. Cup. Captain Nicholls winning with a net score of 84, The following were the results:—

	Total.	Handicap.	Net Score.
Nicholls	94	—10	84
Pooley	101	—16	85
Thubron	93	— 5	88
Lowndes	95	— 6	89
Nicholson	92	— 3	89
Lumsden	94	— 5	89
Montgomery... ...	98	— 8	90
Lord	105	—15	90
England	90	Scr	90
Gettins	91	Scr	91
Sharman	97	— 6	91
Mackay	102	—10	92
Roberts	94	— 2	92
MacVenzie	102	—10	92
Tennant	101	— 8	93
Radcliffe Smith ...	94	Scr	94
Tuke	109	—14	95
Coombs	99	— 3	96
Kleinjung	99	— 3	96
Blair	100	— 2	98
Greaves	109	— 9	100
Newman	115	—14	101
Millett	115	—10	105
Orr	112	— 6	106

Eleven players made no returns.

In the Ladies' Competition for the Bombay Bangle, Mrs. Aston won with 110—30=80. The following were the results:—

	Total.	H'cap.	Net Score.
Mrs. Aston.....	110	—30	80
Mrs. Leggatt.....	91	— 8	83
Mrs. Dodgson	110	—24	86
Mrs. Tuke	89	Scr.	89
Miss Bean	109	—20	89
Mrs. Nicholls	114	—24	90
Miss Hodgson	100	— 8	92
Mrs. Thubron	109	—14	95
Mrs. Van Someren ...	100	— 4	96
Miss Van Someren ...	103	— 6	97
Mrs. Ford	115	—18	97
Mrs. Tennant	136	—36	100
Miss Underhill	112	—10	102
Mrs. Crystal	126	—24	102
Mrs. Jackson... ...	143	—36	107
Mrs. Harrison	124	—20	104

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, SEPTEMBER 15.

Play commenced this morning at 7-30 for the first rounds of the R. W. J. G. P. Challenge Shield and Gold Medal (Scratch) and the Captain's Cup (Handicap) match play. In the Challange Shield round Nicholson was beaten by Ward 1 up after a tie on the first 18 holes, 9 holes being played off for the tie. England beat Mackenzie 6 up and 4, Scott beat Coombs 1 up. Messrs. Pechey, Radcliffe-Smith, Roberts, Blair and Gettins drew byes.

In the play for the Captain's Cup Thubron—5 beat Lumsden—5 1 up after a tie on the first 18 holes. Sharman beat Ford 2 up and one. Lowndes beat Nicholls 2 up and Montgomery beat Pooley 1 up after 32 holes.

In the foursomes Lumsden and Radcliffe-Smith beat Tennant and Pechey 5 up and 4. Sir J. Muir-Mackenzie and Mackenzie beat Lowndes and Montgomery 4 up and 3. Tuke and Mackay beat Kleinjung and Orr 2 up and 1. Sharman and Greaves beat Roberts and Owen 1 up.

The rounds for the Challenge Shield and Semi-finals for the Captain's Cup will be played off to-morrow.

The ladies' play to-day was a Bogey competition for a prize presented by the Nasik members, 9 holes in the morning and 9 holes in the afternoon. Mrs. Tuke won 2 down. Results:—

Mrs. Tuke 2 down; Mrs. Nichols 3 down, tied second; Mrs. Dodgson 3 down, tied second; Mrs. Pooley 4 down; Mrs. Van Someren 6 down; Miss Underhill 6 down; Mrs. Harrison 8 down; Mrs. Chrystal 8 down; Mrs. Thubron 9 down; Miss Bean 11 down; Mrs. Jackson 12 down. There were 5 with no returns.

BILLIARDS AT LUCKNOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, SEPTEMBER 15.

A match of 3,000 up between Mr. Ramphal Shaw the billiard champion, and the local amateur, Dr. Bischoff, was started at the Residency Club here last night. At the close of play the game stood:—Ramphal Shaw: 1,000; Dr. Bischoff. (receives 1,750) 3,204.

THE KALBADEVIE FIRE.

Missing Men still Unreported.

MR. WESTON, of the Bombay Fire Brigade, and Inspectors Coxen and Barnes of the Police resumed search early yesterday morning for the two persons who were seen on the fifth floor of the "Elephant House" when the fire was raging high and all attempts to rescue whom were futile. No trace, however, could be found and it is feared they may have been burnt to ashes. Still as no report has been made to the Police by any person that they are missing, it is hoped that they may have found some means of escape.

The total damage to the building is estimated at Rs. 25,000 and is insured at Rs. 50,000. Though it is a new building about 80 feet wide it had only one wooden staircase. The other parties who suffered by the fire are the proprietor of the "Hindu Lodge"; Here the damage is Rs. 5,000 and the insurance is for Rs. 3,000 only. Radhabai, a book-seller, suffered damage to stock by water to the extent of Rs 1,000, and the whole stock is insured for Rs. 1,25,000.

It is stated that if the Fire Brigade had had fire escapes long enough to reach the fifth flat, the man who was compelled to jump down and was killed would have been saved.

THE CORONER'S INQUIRY.

Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest on the body of Mulji Amsrey who died in the street after jumping from the fifth floor of the burning house.

Sheikh Mahomed, 818 C. a Police-sepoy who first saw the flames on the fourth floor and raised an alarm cautioning all occupants of the building, deposed that he saw [deceased in a state of great confusion and excitement running from one end of the terrace to the other. He took off his coat, his shirt and other garments and then jumped down in spite of the crowd in the street shouting to him not to do so.

Govindas Gopaldas, a guilder living opposite, deposed to having seen the Fire Brigade ladder being put up, but it did not reach the height of the fifth floor where the deceased was running from one end to the other. He looked overpowered by smoke and blaze. People in the street told him not to jump, but the deceased did not listen and jumped down. Falling on the face he died the very instant.

Mr. W. Scott, of the Fort Fire Engine Station, said he and his men came directly to the spot. On his arrival he saw the Bhuleshwar fire escape being extended. The ladder was too short to reach the spot where the deceased was standing. Witness and Mr. Lemton of the Babula Tank Station went up to the stairs and saw the deceased on the balcony of the fifth floor. They were overpowered by heat and smoke. Before he came down and arranged for a jumping sheet, the deceased, who seemed to have lost his head, jumped down. He thought he came down a height of about 70 feet. The longest fire escape in Bombay was 60 feet. Under the circumstances and with all the means at their disposal the authorities did all in their power to save the man. He might have been saved if he had waited until the jumping sheet was ready. In London they had fire escapes about a hundred feet long. The witness knew that a higher fire escape was under order. The roof of the next house was about three feet apart from the balcony where the deceased was. If he had jumped on to the roof he would have been saved.

THE VERDICT.

The following verdict was recorded: That the death of the deceased was caused by multiple injuries received by his having jumped from the fifth floor of a house which was on fire.

INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Mr. Polak's Address.

Yesterday, in the Framji Cowasji Institute, Mr. H. Polak, delegate of the South African Indians, delivered an address before the ladies of Bombay on the "Condition and status of the Indian women in South Africa." Mrs. Ramabai Ranade presided, and there were about 200 ladies present.

Mr. Polak, addressing the meeting said that the Indian population in the Transvaal might be divided into two classes. There were the emigrants who entered the colonies at their own expense and lived by means of their own free labours. These came chiefly from the Bombay and Madras Presidencies. Then there were the indentured labourers who, before they entered the country, had to sign a contract in which there were imposed on them a number of conditions which the labourers had to fulfil, but there was no mention made in them of the many discomforts which they would have to undergo after entering the country. These emigrants did not find it convenient to take their families to the colonies with them for many reasons. Firstly, their wives and children could not move about in the streets and promenades owing to the prejudice existing against their race, and partly because there was nothing in the country to entertain them. Their discomforts in the colonies were simply tremendous. They were outcasts there and were subjected to insults by their overseers. There was no law to that effect, but there were many women of these indentured class who were employed by their employers in one part of the country, while their husbands were put in other part of the colonies. Cases had occurred of girls of sixteen years of age taking their own lives. In those colonies every man above the age of 16 and every girl above the age of 13 had to pay a poll tax. Natal was the only country in the world where women had to pay taxes as the price of the freedom. These and other similar taxes, together with family and medical expenses pressed so heavily on these persons that they had practically nothing saved to live upon when they returned to their native land, and as a consequence many of them deserted their families or took to a life of crime. Mr. Polak continuing asked Indian women in India to exert themselves on behalf of their sisters in South Africa and to bring to an end the system that prevailed in that country. These women were the wives of the storekeepers, hawkers and other traders. They had been to the Transvaal to aid and to support their husbands in their arduous work. Their condition before was bad enough, but it had become still worse since the commencement of the present struggle. Mr. Polak then instanced a number of women in the Transvaal, including Mrs. Ghandi, who had even under very tragic circumstances, cheerfully allowed their husbands and even urged them to go to gaol and spend their last penny in the cause of their countrymen. He concluded with again appealing to the women in India to do their utmost to help the cause of their sisters in South Africa.

Mrs. Ranade, Mrs. Sakai and Mrs. Chandwarkar then addressed the meeting.

Mrs. Ranade deplored the small attendance of ladies there that afternoon and said that it was a melancholy fact that this important subject should have drawn only 200 ladies in a large city like Bombay, while a circus entertainment would have drawn twice that number of ladies.

A vote of thanks to Mr. Polak, terminated the proceedings.

THE STAR-SPANGLED BANNER.

On a hummocky field in the regions of ice,
A vessel had gone to her rest:
She couldn't go down: there was nowhere to go
So she sat like a hen on her nest.

In process of time, as the snows fell around,
They buried her up to the chin:
Till nothing remained but the top of the mast,
And that's where the humour comes in.

For a gallant explorer came peering along
And broad was the smile that he smole:
"We've found you at last, you elusive old stick,
I'll be danged" if it isn't the Pole!"
So he out with his hammer and little tin tacks,
And he drew on his shirt for a rag;
And the Esquimaux fired a furious joy,
To salute the American flag.

D. in the "Pioneer."

A form of nautical oath.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

HIGH COURT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Before Mr. Justice Davar.

RE KURSONDAS PARMANDAS AND OTHERS.

Mr. Ardasir Kapadia for the insolvent applied for and obtained the usual interim order.

RE RAM DAYAL CHATURBUJ.

Mr. Mankar for the insolvent applied for and obtained an interim order.

RE HIRJI LILADHAR AND OTHERS.

Mr. Mirza for petitioning creditors appeared to show cause against a rule taken out on the 2nd July last for the revocation of an adjudication order.

Mr. Bhandarkar appeared for the insolvents and said that the parties were coming to a settlement and a deed of composition was drawn up and signed by a number of creditors.

His Lordship adjourned the matter for a fortnight.

RE HABBAGAVANDAS CHANDUMAL AND OTHERS.

Mr. Ardasir Kapadia applied for two months' extension of the interim order. The learned Counsel said that the Official Assignee had filed suits in the Karachi Court where all the insolvents' books were taken. His Lordship granted the extension applied for.

RE ALADIN MITHA.

Mr. Mankar for a creditor moved absolute a rule granted on the 4th of August last, calling upon the insolvent to show cause why his petition should not be dismissed for want of jurisdiction. The insolvent did not appear and His Lordship made the rule absolute with costs.

RE RAMDAS DAMODAR.

Mr. Mankar applied for and obtained an interim order for the insolvent.

RE TARVALEE MAHOMED.

Mr. Ardasir Kapadia for the insolvent applied for two months' extension of the interim order. His Lordship granted one month's time.

DISCHARGES.

The following insolvents received their discharges—Ladu Sambhu and others; Issa Mohidin Alisaheb, Pandharinath Narayen; Vaman Nanabhai Kothare; Hemraj Mulji; Chunilal Lakhmiram; Shivji Rattonsey; Karim Nanji Khoja; Bachana Sayana; Jacob Cassam Khatri; and Thakoredas Nagindas Lohana.

SUIT AGAINST GOANESE SEAMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

Before Mr. Justice Davar.

DOMINGO NORONHA, G. P. MENEZES AND ANOTHER VS. GOANESE SEAMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

In this case, the plaintiffs sued the managing director and secretary and treasurer of the Association, for accounts connected with its management.

Mr. Padshah and Mr. D. F. Mulla, instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, appeared for the plaintiffs.

The plaint stated among other things that the club of Goanese servants, started in 1900, having, failed, measures were adopted to start another, for which entrance fee of Rs. 10 for superior class of servants and of Rs5 for those of a lower class was fixed; the yearly subscription was generally put at Rs. 2. On Rs. 360 per annum Souza was appointed managing director, and Floriano Tavares was appinted under him as his assistant. About 2,000 members were enrolled. Employment was found through the instrumentally of the Association for its members on board ships and steamers. Owing to some dissatisfaction a Committee was appointed and reported that about Rs. 15,000 had disappeared, even after allowing all the items of expenses debited in the books.

The second defendant Souza, the Chancellor of the Consulate, stated that the plaintiffs were not members of the Association; nor were they such when the Association was broken up. The suit was not maintainable and must be dismissed. He himself had never anything to do with the funds. His stamp signature was used by Rebello on certain receipts.

His Lordship adjourned the hearing to a fortnight in order to enable the second defendant, Souza, who said he was insolvent, to apply for and obtain legal assistance as a pauper.

POLICE NEWS.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

ESPLANADE.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION BY A MANAGER.

The hearing was resumed of the case in which Miss Cathleen Bland charged Mr. Walter Stevens, Mansger of Messrs. Badham Pile and Co. with defamation. Mr. Payne of Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors, appeared for the complainant; and Mr. Shortt, of Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co., defended the accused.

His Worship at the outset asked if there was no possibility of the case being settled.

Mr. Shortt said that it was greatly desirable that the case should be settled. The accused had never charged the lady with theft. Under the circumstances was not the accused justified in making the inquiry which he made?

His Worship asked Mr. Payne if the character of the complainant would not be cleared if the accused said that he made no accusation against her.

Mr. Payne said that was practically all that he had asked for.

Mr. Shortt said that they had paid the lady the price of the lace.

Mr. Payne said it was so, but the defence had paid the rupee to save trouble and had denied that the lace belonged to her.

Mr. Shortt said that they must have some statement included in the settlement that under the circumstances the accused was justified in making the inquiries which he did.

Mr. Payne said that his client's point was that the accused never made any inquiries. Besides there was not merely an omission to make inquiries but a wilful persistence in the allegation that the complainant had stolen the lace. The complainant, notwithstanding the money spent on her education, could not pursue her old calling and had to spend more money to get instruction for some other calling. It was a case of a far-reaching character.

Mr. Shortt contended that the accused was justified under the circumstances in making the inquiries. Perhaps the Directors would hold a private inquiry of a judicial nature into the matter.

The following terms were then accepted:—"Mr. Stevens declares that he has never charged Miss Bland with theft and he accepts her statement that she purchased the lace outside the shop and agrees that it should be returned to her. He maintains, however, that the circumstances were exceptional and that he was justified in making full inquiries on behalf of his Directors and that he did no more than his duty."

His Worship said that if there might be any rumours affecting Miss Bland's character, her character was entirely cleared. The accused was discharged.

MAZAGON.

Before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate.

His Worship disposed of the case in which Detective Inspector Sullivan charged Shantaram Bhagwan, proprietor of the Hindustan Cap Factory with cheating by representing that he was manufacturing felt caps from purely Indian material and Indian labour and thereby induced certain persons to deliver money to him by giving them European caps.

Mr. N. N. Saher, Barrister, defended the accused.

The circumstances under which the complaint was made have already been reported in the columns.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and fined him Rs. 350 with the alternative of three months' rigorous imprisonment.

In the heavy gun-layers test recently held on H.M.S. "Natal," all records were beaten. With the 9·2 guns 53 rounds were fired with 44 hits, and with the 7·5 guns 43 rounds produced 38 hits—a total of 96 rounds and 82 hits.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

NOT HIS CHOICE.

"Is Mr. Dohem at home?"

"No, sir; he's just gone away for two months."

"Why, how's that? He told me he wasn't going away till next Friday."

"Yes, sir, but he didn't know. His trial came off yesterday."

A SLIGHT MISUNDERSTANDING.

A country rustic was out on his rounds selling milk. He met a schoolboy busily employed reading the "Daily Paper."

"Any news?" querried the milkboy.

"Oh! nothing particular; the birth-rate's gone down," said the schoolboy.

"Has she really! How many lives lost?" was the astonishing answer of the rustic.

CAUGHT IT ALL THE SAME.

"You've been fishing again on a Sunday," said the stern parent. "Suppose you come with me now to the bedroom."

"Father," protested the bright youth, "I hope you intend to make the punishment fit the crime."

"That is my intention."

"Well, father, the crime amounted to two nibbles; I didn't catch a thing."

THE PARTY HE BELONGED TO.

Two journalists were exchanging stories. "I remember my first rebuff at the hands of a woman," said one. "I was junior reporter on a country paper. I was sent out to interview some of the leading towns-people as to their politics. 'Can I see Mr. So-and-So?' I asked of a grim-visaged lady who opened the door at one house. 'No, you can't' answered the matron decisively. 'But I wish to know what party he belongs to,' I pleaded meekly. The woman drew her firmly-knit figure together. 'Young man,' she said, 'take a good look at me, I'm the party he belongs to.'"

WAS PROUD OF HIS DAD.

Little George came home from school and told his dad that he wished he would write him a little essay on skating.

George's father, while not a professional writer, prides himself on his ability to put his thoughts into good, clear English, and he willingly dashed off a little composition for his son's edification.

The following evening George greeted his male parent with much enthusiasm when the latter came home from the office.

"You'r all right pa," he declarsd proudly. "I copied off that essay of yours and turned it in, and the teacher said there was only one better one in the whole class."

FROM THE SUBLIME.

It was their first outing together, and he worked himself to death by trying to row his ladylove against the tide; she thought it an opportune moment for impressing him with her poetic temperament.

"How sublimely beautiful Nature seems!" she cooed. "How delightful it would be to drift on like this for ever and ever!"

There was a momentary silence and she hung on his words.

"Yes," he murmured, "but not at a shilling an hour, my love."

COOL.

An Englishman and his servant were travelling in the express train from Calais to Paris when the train ran off the rails and the Englishman was thrown into a ditch, but without receiving serious injury. When he picked himself up his first words were—

"Where is my servant?"

A railway employe informed him—

"He has been cut in two, monsieur."

"In two!" replied the Englishman. "Ah! Will you then be so good as to go and see in which half are my keys?"

WHERE A NOSE WAS LOST.

A volunteer who had bravely fought in the ranks during the war with the Boers recently sought employment from a well-known colonel of his own regiment. The private had been unfortunate enough to have his nose carried away by a bullet. His appearance was so striking that the colonel laughed heartily on seeing him.

"My good fellow," he asked, "where did you lose your nose?"

"I lost it, colonel," replied the nettled private, "in the same battle as you lost your head!"

HOW DID HE KNOW.

After dinner, when the ladies had gone upstairs the men over their coffee and cigars talked as men will of love.

All of a sudden the host cried in a loud voice:—"I tell you, gentlemen, this is the truth. I have kissed the dainty Japanese girl; I have kissed the South Sea Island maiden; I have kissed the girls of England, of Spain, of Germany, even of America; but to kiss my wife is best of all."

Then a young man cried across the table.

"By heaven, sir, you are right there."

KEEPING OUT THE COLD.

Her evening dress was certainly more evening than dress, but she made up for it with flashing tiaras blazing necklaces, gorgeous rings, and pendants, whilst her insufficiency of sleeves was remedied by a bevy of bracelets.

As she strolled, after dinner, in the Japanese-lantern-illumined grounds, a veritable diamond mine from head to foot, she shivered slightly.

"Francoise," she murmured to her maid, with languid magnificence, "I feel chilly. Bring me another diamond necklace!"

BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

She was desperately gone on them both, and she couldn't think which one to choose. It was rather perplexing, no doubt, for one she was bound to refuse.

She gazed at them both in despair, quite puzzled to know what to do. As soon as she thought about one, she cared for the other, too!

They still remained under her gaze, little recking the trouble they brought. It really was hard to decide. They were both so delightful, she thought.

She couldn't say which one she'd have; her efforts fell hopelessly flat.

It's really exceedingly hard selecting a new summer hat.

CAUSE FOR RELIEF.

A unique funeral oration was delivered in a town of Alabama not long ago by a darky preacher.

It seems that the habits of the deceased brother had not been irreposachable, to the great scandal of the worthy pastor of the flock. So, in summing up the case at the funeral, the preacher delivered himself of the following:—

"My brethren and sisters we are here to pay our last sad respects to our departed brother. Some says he was a good man, and some says he was a bad man. Where he has gone to we can't tell, but in our grief we have one consolation, and that is—he's dead."

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Salsette," Sept. 17.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer "Salsette," which is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour to-morrow, brings the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Annett, Mr G
Ali, Dr S A
Espino, Mr A S
Hecquet, Mr W J
Leader, Col C P
Macrae, Capt Ian
O'Connor, Mr and Mrs M S and child
Rookes, Mr and Mrs
Smith, Mr and Mrs J B
Samad, Mr A
Tilney, Mrs
Warwick, Mr W

FROM MARSEILLES.

Bendar, Mrs W E
Bennett, Mr C
Buchannan, Mr G F
Carden, Lt H
Connell, Mr J
Chapman, Rev Dr R
Carry, Lt W L
Davies, Mr A L
Fearnley, Mr A
Giordani, Mr
Haines, Mr W H
Herbert, Major C
Keilly, Capt J P
King, M C M
Keeley, Mrs, child and infi
Maiden, Mr J
Muirden, Mr A
Muddiman, Mr A
O'Brien, Mr P O
Pritchard, Lt-Col H
Pennell, Capt R H
Ponsonby, Lt D G
Sloman, Lt-Col S H
Vicary, Miss M
Vicary, Lt B S
Windham, Mrs W

FROM BRINDISI.

Berkmyre, Mr and Mrs A
Brocklehurst, Mr H A
Clifton-Browne, Capt
Melhuisou, Capt Hon
Thomas, Mr G

FROM PORT SAID.—Martin, Lt-Col W

FOR KARACHI.

James, Capt C H
Lane, Mrs H A
Moore, Capt H D

IT is notified that there is no change in the official rate of exchange on the dollar for the quarter ending 31st December 1909.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 15.

The depression in the north-east of India has moved into the neighbourhood of Gaya and has given moderate to heavy rain in Chota Nagpur and Bihar and light general rain on the remainder of the province of Bengal and Eastern Bengal. There has been nearly general rain on the Konkan and Burma coasts. Hazaribagh reports five inches; Gaya, three; Ranchi and Patna, two; Chaibassa and Purnea, one and a half; Karwar and Tatoy, one: and Cuddalore and Mergui, one and a half. The depression is likely to move in a west-north-westerly direction and to decrease in intensity. The conditions are becoming unsettled in the Andaman sea. The temperature is low in Rajputana and Chota Nagpur.

The forecast gives the rainfall as likely to decrease in the north-east of India and to extend into the east of the United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 15TH SEPTEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 15th September, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Delhi reports 0·15" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded at that station but clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. The maximum temperature is in defect in the central and extreme south-eastern districts but the minimum is normal nearly everywhere.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad records 0·64" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded at this station but clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in Upper Sind but lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air and temperature is generally in slight defect.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are generally lightly clouded. Humidity and maximum temperature are normal but the minimum is in defect in north Gujarat and in West Centra India.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is generally in defect. Temperature is normal.

The Konkan.—Nearly general r

BY THE WAY.

HOW TO KEEP SWEET PEAS IN FLOWER.

Many people grow their plants quite satisfactorily until August is well advanced, when they begin to get into an unsatisfactory condition, and their blossoming period comes to an untimely end. All this may be avoided, says "Gardening Illustrated," if a little attention be given to the plants. Immediately deterioration is noticeable in the quality of the flowers, all blooms and seed-pods should be removed, thus concentrating all the energy of the roots on the development of the growth of the plants. The soil should be forked over round about the clumps or down the side of the rows, and the plants given a copious application of water, to be followed immediately by manure water.

OTHER HINTS.

This will stimulate the growth, and if nitrate of soda at the rate of half an ounce to a gallon of water be applied subsequently, growth will be of a very satisfactory character, and a new lease of life be given to the plants. Should the weather continue hot, it is a good plan to syringe overhead with clear water in the late afternoon or evening, this also contributing to their happier condition. In very open and exposed situations, it is a good plan also to mulch both sides of the rows, or round about the clumps of the sweet peas.

BLONDES AND BRUNETTES.

Brunettes taken as a class, outlive blondes, according to the statement of Mr. J. C. Cummins, secretary of the Equitable Life Insurance Company, of Iowa. It was while commenting on the fact that women who live to be fifty years old outlive men who have reached the same age three to one, that Mr. Cummins referred to the longevity of brunettes and blondes. Mr. Cummins said that official figures showed blondes more subject to lung trouble than brunettes.

AN ANCIENT PLOUGH.

Any visitor to picturesque Lewes should not miss inspecting an exhibit which makes that little Sussex town the Mecca of the agricultural mechanist. Here, says the "Graphic," may be seen a Saxon plough which had somehow sunk bodily into a peat bed before William landed in the eastern part of the county. It is intact, thanks to the wonderful preserving power of peat, and apart from slight structural points is identical with the Sussex hill plough of the present day.

HORACE WALPOLE'S PROPHECY.

In view of the great progress recently made in aviation it is interesting to recall the prophecy of Horace Walpole, written in 1781, after Blanchard's first ascent in a hydrogen-filled balloon. "The airports," he predicted, "will become deserted villages, and Salisbury Plain, Newmarket Heath, and the Sussex Downs will be utilised as dockyards for aerial vessels. There will be fights in the air with wind-guns, and there will be a prodigious increase of land for tillage by the break-up of the public roads as useless." Horace Walpole, it should be stated, intended to be facetious, but certain points in that prophecy seem not unlikely to be fulfilled.

SNOW-BOUND ON THE MATTERHORN.

Mr. Pinsent is not the first tourist to be snowbound in the higher Matterhorn hut. Signor Sinigaglia, guided by Gorret and J. A. Carrel, had the same experience rather more than ten years ago. Carrel guided the party safely as far as they needed guiding, and then staggered, lost consciousness, and died of exhaustion on the Hornli ridge. His fate was the more impressively tragic because of his long association with the mountain. He had been with Mr. Whymper in most of his attempts from the Italian side, and had been himself the first man to get to the top from that side.

THE STORKS IN KEW GARDENS.

In their grotesque nest between the elm-trees on the mound near No. 1 Museum the Kew storks, writes a home correspondent have this year successfully hatched out four fledglings; but they killed the two weakest, sharing the opinion of Plato that all delicate children should be put to death. To the Iliad of embarrassments encountered by these persevering birds, since they first started housekeeping in Coronation year, has latterly been added a land problem. The young storklets retained in the Gardens from former broods have this year been seized with a desire to try the domestic life and attempted to turn the mound into a congested district by rearing a family in the parental nest. They have been ruthlessly ejected by the old birds; and the kind rulers of Kew are furnishing them with a fresh home.

LADY ALMA TADEMA.

The sweet and sympathetic personality of the late wife of Sir Lawrence Alma Tadema will (writes a correspondent) long linger in the memory of the many friends who mourn her loss. An ideal companion and an ideal hostess, her untimely death leaves a blank which cannot be filled, and letters and telegrams of sympathy have been pouring in upon the distinguished artist, whose pupil she was for some years before she became his wife. Her husband loved to depict her in his paintings, with the result that her wounderful Titian hair and classic features figure in subject after subject from his brush.

AN ARTIST OF DISTINCTION.

Lady Alma Tadema (the correspondent adds) was a sister of Mrs. Edmund Gosse, who, as is well known, has published some illuminating criticism and appreciation of Sir L. Alma Tadema's work. Under her husband's tuition, Lady Alma Tadema rapidly rose to be an artist of considerable distinction. She received honours from the Paris Salon, and for some years past her work had rarely been missing from the walls of Burlington House and the New Gallery. She was especially happy in her delineations of seventeenth-century (Stuart and Commonwealth) types. Among the best of Sir Lawrence's portrait-studies is an excellent likeness of his brother-in-law, Dr. Epps.

THE JANSSEN PORTRAIT OF SHAKESPEARE.

Mr. M. H. Spielmann, F. S. A., has just set before the public for the first time the Janssen or Somerset portrait of Shakespeare, and gives some very interesting details concerning the same in the current "Connoisseur." This, the most beautiful of the portraits, is, Mr. Spielmann says, the least known, practically unknown, to the general public, and to the student; in fact, to all except to the comparatively small circle who have been permitted to see the original. It occupies a place on the staircase hall at Bulstrode, Gerrard's-cross.

ITS PEDIGREE.

The early pedigree of the portrait is lost in obscurity but from the moment that the picture entered the possession of the ninth Duke of Hamilton its history is clear enough. By the Duke it was left, at his death in 1819, to his daughter, wife of the eleventh Duke of Somerset (grandfather of the present owner, Lady Gwendolen Ramsden), along with a few others. The picture descended in 1855 to the twelfth Duke of Somerset, who died in 1885, and who was wont to say that it was the best picture of Shakespeare in existence. And so, with Bulstrode and all its contents, the portrait came to his daughter, Lady Gwendolen Ramsden.

HORACE IN BURMA.

Tu ne quoesieris.

Seek not (for the quest is treason)
Why you're made the monthly butt
Of a fate which knows no reason,
Why your pay is "always" cut.

Life's too short to spoil your slumbers
With a logarithmic woe,
Leave the "Babylonian numbers"
To the men who ought to know.

Who am I or who are you, sir,
To ignore the reckless odds
In consigning to the deuce a
Caravansary of gods?

For a hazrd diagnosis
Will reveal the rumour true
That you win apotheosis
If you gain the domgs of blue.

Then whate'er They choose to dole us
Let us take with silent lips,
As from gods who'd dam Pactolus
With their caustic little slips.

Let us drink and say goodbye to
Aught that worries, seize with glee
What They pass, nor ever try to
Understand the C. A. C.—J. M. S. In the "Rangoon Gazette."

MEN AND MATTERS.

A GARDENING STORY.

Apropos of Lord Carrington's speech on the land question at Earl's Court recently, a correspondent is reminded of a good story his lordship once told of an ambitious young wife who decided to take up gardening. When her husband was starting for business one morning, he was handed a sheet of paper containing a lengthy list of seeds which he was to procure. Glancing at the list, he asked, "You want these flowers to bloom this summer, don't you?" "Yes, of course," she replied. "Well, those you've put down here don't bloom till next summer." "Oh, that's all right," she said. "All right; how is it all right?" "I am making up my list," she explained "from a last year's catalogue."

THE NEW SECRETARY OF THE G. P. O.

Sir Matthew Nathan, who has succeeded Sir H. Babington Smith as Secretary of the Post Office, is the first Jew to have been appointed a Colonial Governor. He has had a most varied career, and has been Governor of the Gold Coast, of Hong Kong, and of Natal. Some time ago he met with a curious accident, which might have been much more serious than it was. He was returning home from Hong Kong, and fell into the harbour as he was entering a sampan from a P. and O. steamer. Luckily, assistance was near at hand, and, beyond a severe ducking he was none the worse for his unpleasant experience.

ASKED TO CONTROL THE ELEMENTS.

On one occasion when Sir Matthew made a tour in Zululand he was regarded as a controller of the elements, and, in one place where there had been a drought, the chiefs came to him to ask him to give them rain. "In the olden time," said one of the chiefs, we went to Swaziland for rain, for the kings of Swaziland were rainmakers, and they heard us. But to-day we come to you, our supreme chief, for are you not greater than the Swazi kings?" Sir Matthew replied that he had no power over the rain, and urged the natives to take all precautions they could against the drought in time of plenty. Curiously enough, not long afterwards rain fell in torrents, and, in spite of Sir Matthew's denial that he possessed supernatural gifts, many of the natives believed that he alone was responsible for the long-looked-for downpour.

SIR ARTHUR MACKWORTH.

Sir Arthur Mackworth, who, fortunately, escaped serious injury through being thrown out of his trap at Newport the other day, is the holder of a baronetcy which dates back to the middle of the eighteenth century. One of his ancestors, Sir Humphrey, was in his day a famous poet, while his second son's grandson became the distinguished serjeant-at-law, William Mackworth Praed, the name Praed being added to the family name upon his marriage with a Cornish lady. His son became an eminent politician, a friend of Canning, and contested Yarmouth and Aylesbury against Macaulay. Although Sir Arthur himself takes but average interest in politics, he has gained considerable distinction as a soldier. Formerly a colonel of the Royal Engineers, he assisted in the Egyptian Campaign of 1882 for which he was mentioned in the dispatches and received the medal with clasps and bronze star.

AN M. P.'S STRENUOUS LIFE.

Sir William Bull, who recently introduced a Bill for pensions at fifty-five, is one of the hardest-worked M.P.s. He is a member of a great firm of solicitors, and, besides his Parliamentry duties, he gets through an amount of other work that is positively astounding. In describing his average day some time ago, Sir William said: "All this is only possible because I systematise my work, and delegate the least important of my duties. Nothing but a clockwork method can make such a day possible, and I have seen man after man break down under the strain. My hair has literally gone white since I entered Parliament."

COLLECTOR OF CURIOUS.

But in spite of his many labours. Sir William finds time to indulge in his favourite hobby of curio-collecting, and he has quite a little museum of interesting and valuable relics. His exhibits consist of such strange things as a model of an Egyptian mummy and a piece of human skin inscribed with curious characters, which was found at a temple in Thibet. Besides his curious, Sir William is the owner of a fine library of books, and his taste in literature is both varied and extensive.

DR. DRURY.

Dr. Drury, the Bishop of Sodor and Man, who recently held a service in a lighthouse, is a staunch Evangelical, and has had an interesting and versatile career. He is a clever Manx scholar, and his associations with the Isle of Man are numerous for he was at school there, and his father was a very popular clergyman in the island. At Cambridge, Dr. Drury early distinguished himself, and he succeeded Dr. Moule as the Head of Ridley Hall. The Bishop has written a good deal on theological subjects, and he has delved deeply into the traditions of Manx land.

WHAT HE WAS WAITING FOR.

The Bishop tells an amusing story of a visit he once paid to a friend of his. At the station he found a carriage waiting for him, so he jumped in and closed the door. But the carriage did not move, and Dr. Drury sat still for some time wondering what was amiss. At last he put his head out of the window and asked the coachman what he was waiting for. "Well, sir," replied the coachman, touching his hat, "I was told to wait for the Bishop of Sodor and Man. You've arrived, sir but where is your man?"

LADY ALMA-TADEMA.

The death of Lady Alma-Tadema leaves a decided gap, not easily filled, in the artistic life of London. The daughter of Dr. George Epps, and closely related to the famous Dr. John Epps, she early in life became acquainted with some of our leading artists, several of whom have made references to her in their memoirs. It was her marriage with Sir Lawrence, however, that was the means of inducing her to take up actual painting. In this she developed such a remarkable proficiency that in a short time she became one of the best-known contributors to the leading exhibitions. For the last thirty years she had regularly sent at least one picture to the Royal Academy and another to the New Gallery. Like her famous husband, Lady Alma-Tadema was passionately devoted to music. She composed, and was an expert executant on several instruments.

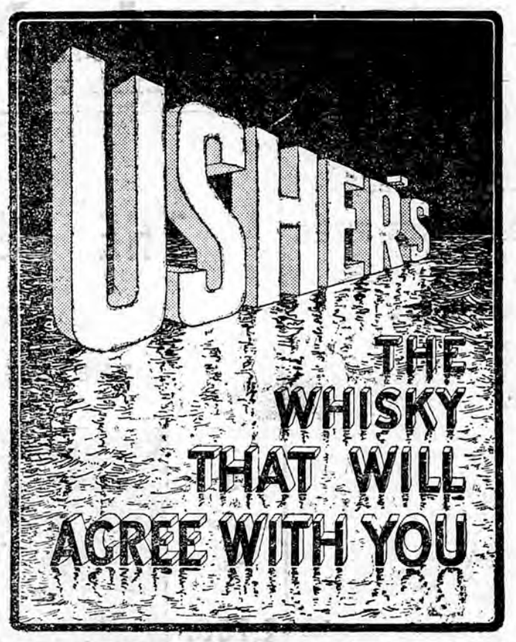
GENERAL RUNDLE.

General Sir Leslie Rundle, who has been appointed Governor of Malta, and will thus become once more one of Lord Kitchener's right-hand men, has had a very lengthy and distinguished career. In the Service General Rundle has the reputation for telling some remarkably funny stories, and here is one of the best of these. Some years ago when a junior officer at Aldershot, he was walking to his quarters one evening when he saw a picket examining a soldier who lay upon the ground in a very intoxicated condition. Seeing that the picket made no effort to raise the man, he walked up and asked them why they did not place him under arrest, as he was obviously drunk. The sergeant of the picket saluted stiffly. "Beg pardon, sir," he said, "he ain't drunk by a long way why I saw his hand move a minute ago!" General Rundle declares that he accepted this as conclusive evidence and walked on.

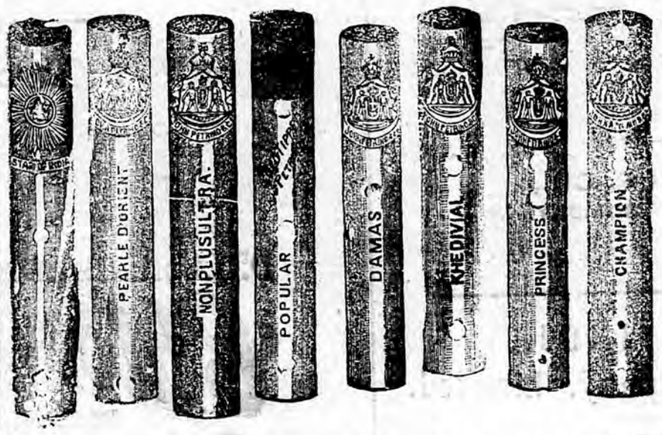
THE MASTER OF ELIBANK.

The Master of Elibank, who gave a farewell dinner the other day to General O'Moore Creagh, is a descendant of the famous Murrays of Elibank who have been seated at Elibank for considerably over three centuries. It is to the fifth Baron that Scotland owes one of her neatest vindications. Johnson's famous definition of oatmeal as fit only for men in Scotland and horses in England was pointed out to him. "Ah," was his reply "that may be; but where would you find such men and such horses?" A splendid speaker, the Master of Elibank is a firm believer in the art of judiciously sprinkling his speeches with good stories. One such anecdote he tells concerns a Highland farmer, who once handed a parcel in at a small Scottish railway office. "Do you think," he asked the man in charge, "that it's well enough tied to trust going in the van?" "Weel, I'll see," answered the porter, dropping it with a crash. "It'll get that here, an'it'll get that at the junction"—giving it another bang—"an' it'll get that at Dundee," banging it so furiously that the contents scattered all over the floor. "If it be going no further than Dundee," he remarked at last, "it'll nae do at all".

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
The best BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER of the System
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF REDYJAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS &c.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
Be sure you get WILKINSON'S N.B. the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus Thomas Wilkinson are upon every GENUINE bottle.
To avoid impositions the Public are respectfully asked to notice this. (Any imitation is a felony.)
Fortify the System against Disease with PURE BLOOD.
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA CLEANSES THE BLOOD OF ALL DANGEROUS HUMOURS.
Has over 75 Years' World-Wide Reputation
Sold by all Chemists and Dealers in Medicines.
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited. KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL WINE MERCHANTS.


Sole Agents:—CUTLER PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

HIGH CLASS CIGARETTES.


Star of India per 100	Rs. 4-0	Gold Tipped Popular, per 100	Rs. 2-8
Princess „	„ 3-0	Non Plus Ultra ...	„ 2-8
Pearled' Orient „	„ 3-4	Khedivial ...	„ 2-0
Damas „	„ 2-4	Champion ...	„ 1-8

MANUFACTURED BY
JOHN PETRINO & Co.,
BOMPAY, CALCUTTA, & LAHORE.

THE TELEGRAPH SERVICE WATCH.
Rs. 16 Rs. 23

NICKEL SILVER CASE Rs. 16
SOLID 1000 SILVER CASE Rs. 23
AS USED BY THE GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPT.
WEST END WATCH Co.
11, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE CURE OF CONSUMPTION
Active Principle of Cod Liver Oil with Creosote.
MORRHUOL CREOSOTE (Chapoteaut)
RELIABLE AGENT IN TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS
OR PULMONARY PHTHISIS
Sold by all Chemists.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, 2 Green Street, Fort

CB BY ROYAL APPOINTMENT
TABLE DELICACIES,
Agents for Lea & Perrins' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

PICKLES. SOUPS. JAMS. JELLIES. POTTED MEATS. MALT VINEGAR. SALAD OIL.
Celebrated Oilmen's Stores.
Yn Special Tins.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

GRAMOPHONES! GRAMOPHONES!! GRAMOPHONES!!!
There are many Kinds of Talking Machines.
THERE IS ONLY ONE
GRAMOPHONE NEW RECORDS

10-Inch Records Rs. 2/8 each. FOR SEPTEMBER 12-Inch Record Rs. 3/12 each.

Bands.
The Band of H. M. Coldstream Guards. (12-Inch Record). (Conducted by Lieut. Mackenzie Rogan, M.V.O.)
0194 Phœnecian Dance ("Herodiade") Massenet (80)
0195 Amina Egyptian Dance Lincke (80)
Sousa's Band. (12-Inch Record).
0193 La Paloma Yradier (80)

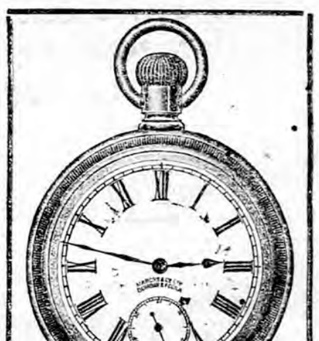
Concert Music.
Mr. John Harrison. (12-Inch Record).
02179 O Vision Entrancing Goring Thomas (81)
Mr. Evan Williams. (12-Inch Record).
02181 Crossing the Bar Willeby (81)
G.C. 4—2020 On Wings of Song. (10-Inch Record). Mendelssohn (81)
Mr. Robert Radford (Bass). 10-Inch Record).
G.C. 4—2007 Revenge Hatton (82)
Miss Perceval Allen (Soprano). (12-Inch Record).
03137 Softly Sighs ("Der Fretschutz") Weber (81)
Madame Jones-Hudson (Soprano). (10-Inch Record).
G.C. 3810 Best of all Moir (79)

Quartette.
The Dollar Princess Operatic Party. (12-Inch Record).
04039 Ring o' Roses, No. 12 Duet ("Dollar Princess"). Leo Falls (80)
G. C. 4621 Opening Chorus No. 1. 10-Inch Record). ("Dollar Princess") Leo Falls (81)
G. C. 4622 The Dollar Princesses, No. 14. (10-Inch Record). ("Dollar Princess") Leo Falls (81)

Humorous.
Mr. Billy Murray. (10-Inch Record).
G. C. 4—2022 I used to be afraid to go home in the dark. (81)

Instrumental.
PIANO.—Herr Wilhelm Backhaus. (12-Inch Record).
05512 Prelude and Fugue in C sharp J. S. Bach (81)
'CELLO.—Mr. Hugo Becker. (12-Inch Record).
07857 Minuetto Becker (80)
PICCOLO.—Mr. Eli Hudson. (10-Inch Record).
G. C. 9041 The Electric Polka (81)
WHISTLING.—Mr. Charles Capper. (10-Inch Record).
G. C. 9432 Cherry Ripe Horn (80)

Customers who are unable to obtain our goods from our authorised dealers are requested to communicate direct with
THE GRAMOPHONE Co., LTD.
POST BOX 118 BOMBAY.

THE
WALTHAM AMERICAN RAILWAY LEVER WATCH.
PRICE:
Rs. 22-8
With written guarantee for 3 years.
THE WALTHAM MOVEMENT
needs no introduction for its excellence of finish and reliability. Every part is interchangeable and specially constructed to stand rough and heavy usage. The plan of movement is a full plate lever with visible compensated climatic balance.
THE IMPERMEABLE CASE
is a very valuable feature which in India cannot be over-estimated. It is absolutely dust and damp-proof. To open watch it is necessary to unscrew the bezel and lift the movement out of the remainder of case which is in one piece to which movement is hinged. Double crystal glass, pure Nickel case.
FOR KNOCK-ABOUT PURPOSES
it is unequalled. For Shikar, Camp life, Travelling, etc., etc., in fact we cannot too strongly recommend this watch to anyone who wants a really inexpensive timekeeper on which full reliance may be placed. It has
WON ITS WAY WITH RAILWAYS
on sheer timekeeping merit combined with the special features of the case for protecting movement. In the first place a sample watch is asked for, then a dozen, but invariably with the ultimate result that it is purchased for the Guards and Timekeepers throughout the system. We sell this watch in hundreds and give you the price benefit which we consequently secure from the Manufacturers.


Photographic reproductions. Exact Size.
MARCKS & Co., Ltd., BOMBAY & POONA.

Exceptionally Strong Glass, accuracy of make, and best obtainable value in this article will be found in bottles of our manufacture. Packed securely for safe arrival at factory. Apply through Agent or Merchant for Prices and Samples.
ALFRED ALEXANDER & Co., ESTABLISHED 1848.
Head Offices: 65, Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E.C., Eng.

J. C. VICKERY, Their Majesties' Jeweller, Silversmith, & Dressing Case & Leather Goods Manufacturer
179-181-183, REGENT STREET, :: :: LONDON, W.
GREAT NOVELTY. EXPANDING FINGER RING WATCHES.

VICKERY'S Finger Ring Watches can be worn outside the glove, or in the ordinary way.

Gold, Enamel and Diamonds	£21 0 0
Ditto, Brilliants	32 10 0
Gold, Enamel and Pearls ..	17 12 6
All Gold	15 15 0

The Largest Stock — of — Novelties in Europe.
Illustrations and prices for any requirement sent by return mail in JEWELLERY, GOLD and SILVER NOVELTIES, LEATHER GOODS of every kind, FITTED DRESSING CASES and BAGS, SILVER and ELECTRO PLATE, WATCHES, CLOCKS, &c., &c.
5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT CASH WITH ORDER.
LOVELY CABOCHON RINGS.

VICKERY'S Cabochon AMETHYST, BLUE CHALCEDONY, Chrysoprase or Green Jade and 18-ct. Gold Rings ..... Only £2 15 0.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

FORT COACH FACTORY

PESTONJI B. PRESS, PROPRIETOR.

ESTD. 1879. MODY BAY, FORT, BOMBAY. ESTD. 1879.

Patronised by GOVERNMENT HOUSE since 1896 and also by the PRINCES and ELITE of SOCIETY in Bombay and up-country.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

NUMEROUS GOLD MEDALS, FIRST CLASS DIPLOMAS, AND CERTIFICATES OF MERIT Awarded at Several

EXHIBITIONS IN INDIA AND PARIS

Special Gold Medal and First Class Diploma at

BOMBAY MOTOR SHOW, 1908.

THE HOUSE FOR

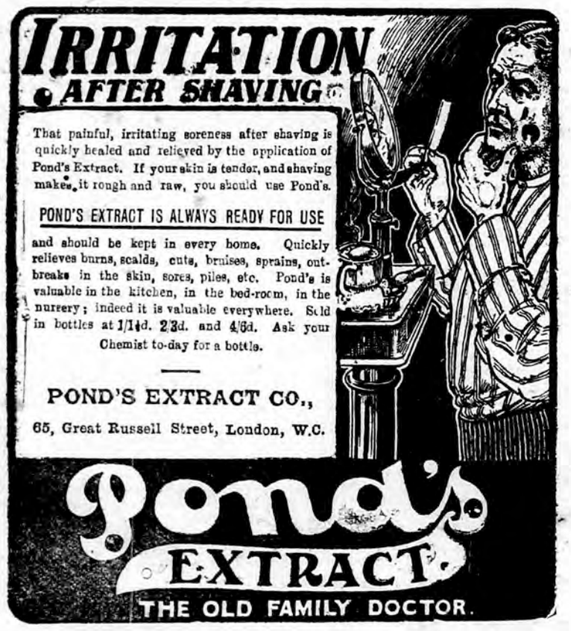
HIGH CLASS MOTOR COACH BUILDING AND MOTOR ENGINEERING.

Special Department opened for NICKEL PLATING all descriptions of work.

MOTOR TYRES ACCESSORIES and FITTINGS stocked in large variety.

MOTOR OR CHASSIS examined and valued, and certificates issued.

Estimates and Specifications submitted on application


IRRITATION
AFTER SHAVING
That painful, irritating soreness after shaving is quickly healed and relieved by the application of Pond's Extract. If your skin is tender, and shaving makes it rough and raw, you should use Pond's.
POND'S EXTRACT IS ALWAYS READY FOR USE
and should be kept in every home. Quickly relieves burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, sprains, outbreaks in the skin, sores, piles, etc. Pond's is valuable in the kitchen, in the bed-room, in the nursery; indeed it is valuable everywhere. Sold in bottles at 1/1½d. 2/3d. and 4/6d. Ask your Chemist to-day for a bottle.
POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
65, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.
Pond's EXTRACT.
THE OLD FAMILY DOCTOR.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

CULWELL WORKS, **WOLVERHAMPTON,** ENG.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. CODES: DWN & A B C (5TH EDITIONS).

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physicians' Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.

"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.

"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and regiminal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 180, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

Zenith-Zenith

BEATS ALL COMPETITORS.

Highest grade of perfection
Finest workmanship
Real compensation balance
Average variation 1 to 2 seconds per day.

MANUFACTURED IN GENTLEMEN'S AND LADIES' SIZES.

Prices.

18 Carats Gold. Rs. 100 to 250
Sterling Silver. „ 35 to 60
Nickel..... „ 25 to 30

GUARANTEED 5 YEARS.

FOR THE THIRD time in open competition with ALL the watch manufacturers in Switzerland. The Railway Government of Italy HAVE SELECTED THE

ZENITH WATCH

for use on their Railways and an order has just been placed for 5,000.—Only sold by

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.,

ALICE BUILDING, ESTABLISHED 1814. BOMBAY.

Illustrated Catalogue sent free on Application.

GARLICK & Co.

SUPPLIES AT SPECIALLY LOW RATES,

CAST IRON FLANGED & SPIGOT & SOCKET PIPES,
BLACK, GALVANISED AND STEAM PIPES.

SLUICE VALVES, COCKS, PIGLEAD, ETC,

JACOB'S CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

BY APPOINTMENT TO H. M. THE QUEEN.

"SIDDELEY" AUTOCARS.

Famous for RELIABILITY.

Built throughout of highest class material and Special Steel produced by the renowned Firm of Messrs. VICKERS, SONS & MAXIM, LTD.

Sole Agents:—

K. & S. MOTOR CO., BOMBAY.

Works:—

TARDEO.

Catalogues Free.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE Empire of India Life Office WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, **Rs. 1,200** or **Rs. 1,250** may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—**the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.**

Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from

E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

INVALUABLE

For the COMPLEXION — In HOT CLIMATES

BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola Regd.

Is Unequalled for THE SKIN & COMPLEXION

It removes all SUNBURN, TAN, HEAT, and IRRITATION. Keeps the SKIN SMOOTH and WHITE. Prevents the attack of Mosquitoes.

It removes all REDNESS, ROUGHNESS, and CHAPS. Keeps the SKIN SOFT as VELVET. Cool and Refreshing at all seasons of the year.

M. BEETHAM & SON. CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

LATEST NOVELTY IN LIGHTING.

THE VERY THING FOR INDIA.

NEW IMPROVED WASHINGTON LAMP.

"SYSTEM PERFECT."

INDOOR LAMPS.

The Washington lamp which has found so much favour throughout India, has lately been considerably improved, and the new lamp "Perfect" which is patented and registered in India is all that can be desired. Easy to handle, no needles or screws, burns ordinary, 125 bulk oil, is absolutely windproof Light can be regulated from 500 to 2,000 c.p. Will burn three months without requiring cleaning.

ORNAMENTAL INDOOR LAMPS.

12 neat and stylish designs. Suitable for Hotels, Clubs, Messes, Factories, Churches, etc., etc.

SPECIALITY FOR BILLIARD TABLES.

One lamp sufficient for a billiard. No trouble, no smoke, no danger.

for PALACES.

Specially richly-ornamented lamps, a decoration for any hall.

FOR OUTDOOR LIGHTING.

Storm and rainproof outdoor lamps up to 2,000 c.p. With or without iron posts. Splendid light, practically no attendance required, just the right article for Railways, Municipalities, etc., etc.

Apply for Catalogue to

A. MAHLER.

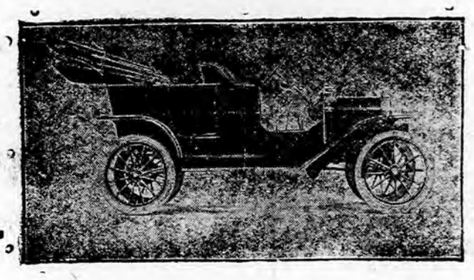
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY,

SOLE AGENT FOR INDIA, CEYLON & BURMA.

THE SILENT FORD.

THE IDEAL OFFICE CAR.

3 Seater, Rs. 2,750.



4 Seater, Rs. 3,450.

20 H. P. Four Cylinder Battery and Magnets Ignition.

THE CAR THAT COSTS LEAST AND LASTS LONGEST.

SOLE AGENTS, **HILL, SAWYER & Co.,**

MEADOW STREET, **BOMBAY.**

Dr. J. Collis Browne's

Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in DIARRHŒA and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.

Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS.

Is the only palliative in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

Chlorodyne *is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail: leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.*

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S

Celebrated

INVALID'S PORT

Gold Capsule, is

SECOND TO NONE.

Insist on having it.

BEWARE OF IMITATION

PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PHOSPHO-GLYCERATE OF LIME

It increases vital energy and nerve force, cures *Neurasthenia, Dyspepsia, Insomnia,* and *nervous diseases* in adults and children.

IN CAPSULES, IN WINE, AND IN SYRUP

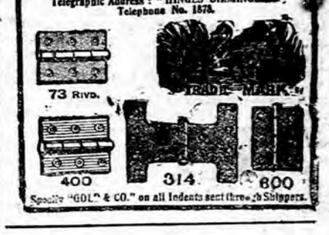
Established over a Century.

GOLD & CO.,
Birmingham, ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES

Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM." Telephone No. 1873.



Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

Good

Pianos

At Moderate Prices
For SALE
For HIRE
and on the
Easy Payment System.

S. Rose & Co. can offer you a first class selection of Pianos by Steinway, Brinsmead, Knake, Erard, Collard, Bechstein, Schiedmayer, Allison, etc., etc.

All Specially Built for India

Telegrams "ROSEBUD," Bombay.

FORT, BOMBAY.

S. ROSE & CO.

Meridian Watches.

KNOWN ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Have proved the Best for Hot Climates

Reliable in Every Way.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE ON APPLICATION.

Watch Repairing Department

G. A. CHARPIE & CO., BOMBAY.

KEATING'S LOZENGES

Easily Cure THE WORST COUGH

One gives relief. An increasing sale of over 80 years is a certain test of their marvellous value

Sold in bottles everywhere.

NEW MODEL ENGLISH GUNS.

Direct from the makers at lowest prices.

Superior far-killing Double Breechloaders from £ 3-10-0 each; a test model Rifles, Revolvers, etc. Illustrated price list post free. J. James and Reynolds, George St., Minories, London, E.C. England

---

Printed and Published for the Proprietors. "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisement Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co. 36 Frenchurch Street, London, E.C.